

CENTER FOR DRUG EVALUATION AND RESEARCH

Application Number 21-077

FINAL PRINTED LABELING

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PRODUCT INFORMATION

ADVAIR™ DISKUS® 100/50

(fluticasone propionate 100 mcg and salmeterol* 50 mcg Inhalation powder)

ADVAIR™ DISKUS® 250/50

(fluticasone propionate 250 mcg and salmeterol* 50 mcg Inhalation powder)

ADVAIR™ DISKUS® 500/50

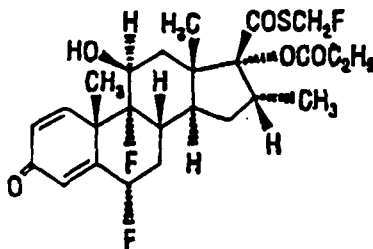
(fluticasone propionate 500 mcg and salmeterol* 50 mcg Inhalation powder)

*As salmeterol xinafoate salt 72.5 mcg, equivalent to salmeterol base 50 mcg

FOR ORAL INHALATION ONLY

DESCRIPTION: ADVAIR DISKUS 100/50, ADVAIR DISKUS 250/50, and ADVAIR DISKUS 500/50 are combinations of fluticasone propionate and salmeterol xinafoate.

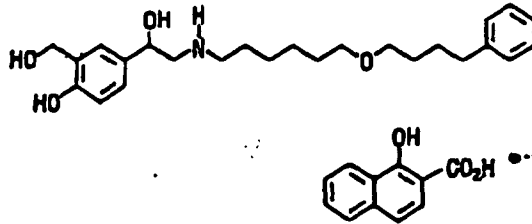
One active component of ADVAIR DISKUS is fluticasone propionate, a corticosteroid having the chemical name *S*-(fluoromethyl)6 α ,9-difluoro-11 β ,17-dihydroxy-16 α -methyl-3-oxoandrosta-1,4-diene-17 β -carbothioate, 17-propionate and the following chemical structure:



Fluticasone propionate is a white to off-white powder with a molecular weight of 500.6, and the empirical formula is $C_{25}H_{31}F_3O_5S$. It is practically insoluble in water, freely soluble in dimethyl sulfoxide and dimethylformamide, and slightly soluble in methanol and 95% ethanol.

The other active component of ADVAIR DISKUS is salmeterol xinafoate, a highly selective beta₂-adrenergic bronchodilator. Salmeterol xinafoate is the racemic form of the 1-hydroxy-2-naphthoic acid salt of salmeterol. The chemical name of salmeterol xinafoate is 4-hydroxy- α -1-[[[6-(4-phenylbutoxy)hexyl]amino]methyl]-1,3-benzenedimethanol, 1-hydroxy-2-naphthalenecarboxylate, and it has the following chemical structure:

ADVAIR™ DISKUS® 100/50
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 ADVAIR™ DISKUS® 500/50
 (fluticasone propionate 500 mcg and salmeterol™ 50 mcg inhalation powder)



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 33

34 Salmeterol xinafoate is a white to off-white powder with a molecular weight of 603.8, and the
 35 empirical formula is $C_{22}H_{37}NO_4 \cdot C_{11}H_{13}O_3$. It is freely soluble in methanol; slightly soluble in ethanol,
 36 chloroform, and isopropanol; and sparingly soluble in water.

37 ADVAIR DISKUS 100/50, ADVAIR DISKUS 250/50, and ADVAIR DISKUS 500/50 are specially
 38 designed plastic devices containing a double-foil blister strip of a powder formulation of fluticasone
 39 propionate and salmeterol xinafoate intended for oral inhalation only. Each blister on the double-foil
 40 strip within the device contains 100, 250, or 500 mcg of microfine fluticasone propionate and
 41 72.5 mcg of microfine salmeterol xinafoate salt, equivalent to 50 mcg of salmeterol base, in
 42 12.5 mg of formulation containing lactose. Each blister contains 1 complete dose of both
 43 medications. After a blister containing medication is opened by activating the device, the
 44 medication is dispersed into the airstream created by the patient inhaling through the mouthpiece.

45 Under standardized in vitro test conditions, ADVAIR DISKUS delivers 93, 233, and 465 mcg of
 46 fluticasone propionate and 45 mcg of salmeterol base per blister from ADVAIR DISKUS 100/50,
 47 250/50, and 500/50, respectively, when tested at a flow rate of 60 L/min for 2 seconds. In adult
 48 patients ($n = 9$) with obstructive lung disease and severely compromised lung function (mean
 49 forced expiratory volume in 1 second [FEV₁] 20% to 30% of predicted), mean peak inspiratory flow
 50 (PIF) through a DISKUS® device was 80.0 L/min (range, 46.1 to 115.3 L/min).

51 Inhalation profiles for adolescent ($n = 13$, aged 12 to 17 years) and adult ($n = 17$, aged 18 to
 52 50 years) patients with asthma inhaling maximally through the DISKUS device show mean PIF of
 53 122.2 L/min (range, 81.6 to 152.1 L/min).

54 The actual amount of drug delivered to the lung will depend on patient factors, such as
 55 inspiratory flow profile.

56

57 CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY:

58 Mechanism of Action: **ADVAIR DISKUS:** ADVAIR DISKUS is designed to produce a greater
 59 improvement in pulmonary function and symptom control than either fluticasone propionate or
 60 salmeterol used alone at their recommended dosages. Since ADVAIR DISKUS contains both
 61 fluticasone propionate and salmeterol, the mechanisms of action described below for the individual
 62 components apply to ADVAIR DISKUS. These drugs represent 2 classes of medications (a
 63 synthetic corticosteroid and a long-acting beta-adrenergic receptor agonist) that have different
 64 effects on clinical, physiological, and inflammatory indices of asthma.

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65 **Fluticasone Propionate:** Fluticasone propionate is a synthetic, trifluorinated corticosteroid with
66 potent anti-inflammatory activity. In vitro assays using human lung cytosol preparations have
67 established fluticasone propionate as a human glucocorticoid receptor agonist with an affinity
68 18 times greater than dexamethasone, almost twice that of beclomethasone-17-monopropionate
69 (BMP), the active metabolite of beclomethasone dipropionate, and over 3 times that of budesonide.
70 Data from the McKenzie vasoconstrictor assay in man are consistent with these results.

71 The precise mechanisms of fluticasone propionate action in asthma are unknown. Inflammation
72 is recognized as an important component in the pathogenesis of asthma. Corticosteroids have been
73 shown to inhibit multiple cell types (e.g., mast cells, eosinophils, basophils, lymphocytes,
74 macrophages, and neutrophils) and mediator production or secretion (e.g., histamine, eicosanoids,
75 leukotrienes, and cytokines) involved in the asthmatic response. These anti-inflammatory actions of
76 corticosteroids contribute to their efficacy in asthma.

77 **Salmeterol Xinafoate:** Salmeterol is a long-acting beta-adrenergic agonist. In vitro studies and
78 in vivo pharmacologic studies demonstrate that salmeterol is selective for beta₂-adrenoceptors
79 compared with isoproterenol, which has approximately equal agonist activity on beta₁- and
80 beta₂-adrenoceptors. In vitro studies show salmeterol to be at least 50 times more selective for
81 beta₂-adrenoceptors than albuterol. Although beta₂-adrenoceptors are the predominant adrenergic
82 receptors in bronchial smooth muscle and beta₁-adrenoceptors are the predominant receptors in the
83 heart, there are also beta₂-adrenoceptors in the human heart comprising 10% to 50% of the total
84 beta-adrenoceptors. The precise function of these receptors has not been established, but they raise
85 the possibility that even highly selective beta₂-agonists may have cardiac effects.

86 The pharmacologic effects of beta₂-adrenoceptor agonist drugs, including salmeterol, are at least
87 in part attributable to stimulation of intracellular adenylyl cyclase, the enzyme that catalyzes the
88 conversion of adenosine triphosphate (ATP) to cyclic-3',5'-adenosine monophosphate (cyclic AMP).
89 Increased cyclic AMP levels cause relaxation of bronchial smooth muscle and inhibition of release
90 of mediators of immediate hypersensitivity from cells, especially from mast cells.

91 In vitro tests show that salmeterol is a potent and long-lasting inhibitor of the release of mast cell
92 mediators, such as histamine, leukotrienes, and prostaglandin D₂, from human lung. Salmeterol
93 inhibits histamine-induced plasma protein extravasation and inhibits platelet-activating
94 factor-induced eosinophil accumulation in the lungs of guinea pigs when administered by the inhaled
95 route. In humans, single doses of salmeterol administered via inhalation aerosol attenuate
96 allergen-induced bronchial hyper-responsiveness.

97 **Pharmacokinetics: ADVAIR DISKUS:** Following administration of ADVAIR DISKUS to healthy
98 subjects, peak plasma concentrations of fluticasone propionate were achieved in 1 to 2 hours and
99 those of salmeterol were achieved in about 5 minutes.

100 In a single-dose crossover study, a higher than recommended dose of ADVAIR DISKUS was
101 administered to 14 healthy subjects. Two inhalations of the following treatments were administered:

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102 ADVAIR DISKUS 500/50, fluticasone propionate powder 500 mcg and salmeterol powder 50 mcg
103 given concurrently, and fluticasone propionate powder 500 mcg alone. Mean peak plasma
104 concentrations of fluticasone propionate averaged 107, 94, and 120 pg/mL, respectively; those for
105 salmeterol averaged 200 and 150 pg/mL, respectively, indicating no significant changes in systemic
106 exposures of fluticasone propionate and salmeterol.

107 In a repeat-dose study, the highest recommended dose of ADVAIR DISKUS was administered to
108 45 asthmatic patients. One inhalation twice daily of the following treatments was administered:
109 ADVAIR DISKUS 500/50, fluticasone propionate powder 500 mcg and salmeterol powder 50 mcg
110 given concurrently, or fluticasone propionate powder 500 mcg alone. Mean peak steady-state
111 plasma concentrations of fluticasone propionate averaged 57, 73, and 70 pg/mL, respectively,
112 indicating no significant changes in systemic exposure of fluticasone propionate. No plasma
113 concentrations of salmeterol were measured in this repeat-dose study.

114 No significant changes in excretion of fluticasone propionate or salmeterol were observed. The
115 terminal half-life of fluticasone propionate averaged 5.33 to 7.65 hours when ADVAIR DISKUS was
116 administered, which is similar to that reported when fluticasone propionate was given concurrently
117 with salmeterol or when fluticasone propionate was given alone (average, 5.30 to 6.91 hours). No
118 terminal half-life of salmeterol was reported upon administration of ADVAIR DISKUS or salmeterol
119 given concurrently with fluticasone propionate.

120 **Special Populations:** Formal pharmacokinetic studies using ADVAIR DISKUS were not
121 conducted to examine gender differences or in special populations, such as elderly patients or
122 patients with hepatic or renal impairment.

123 **Drug-Drug Interactions:** In the repeat- and single-dose studies, there was no evidence of
124 significant drug interaction in systemic exposure between fluticasone propionate and salmeterol
125 when given as ADVAIR DISKUS.

126 **Fluticasone Propionate: Absorption:** Fluticasone propionate acts locally in the lung;
127 therefore, plasma levels do not predict therapeutic effect. Studies using oral dosing of labeled and
128 unlabeled drug have demonstrated that the oral systemic bioavailability of fluticasone propionate is
129 negligible (<1%), primarily due to incomplete absorption and presystemic metabolism in the gut and
130 liver. In contrast, the majority of the fluticasone propionate delivered to the lung is systemically
131 absorbed. The systemic bioavailability of fluticasone propionate from the DISKUS device in healthy
132 volunteers averages 18%.

133 Peak steady-state fluticasone propionate plasma concentrations in adult patients (n = 11) ranged
134 from undetectable to 266 pg/mL after a 500-mcg twice-daily dose of fluticasone propionate
135 inhalation powder using the DISKUS device. The mean fluticasone propionate plasma
136 concentration was 110 pg/mL.

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137 **Distribution:** Following intravenous administration, the initial disposition phase for
138 fluticasone propionate was rapid and consistent with its high lipid solubility and tissue binding. The
139 volume of distribution averaged 4.2 L/kg.

140 The percentage of fluticasone propionate bound to human plasma proteins averages 91%.
141 Fluticasone propionate is weakly and reversibly bound to erythrocytes and is not significantly bound
142 to human transcortin.

143 **Metabolism:** The total clearance of fluticasone propionate is high (average, 1093 mL/min),
144 with renal clearance accounting for less than 0.02% of the total. The only circulating metabolite
145 detected in man is the 17 β -carboxylic acid derivative of fluticasone propionate, which is formed
146 through the cytochrome P450 3A4 pathway. This metabolite had less affinity (approximately
147 1/2000) than the parent drug for the glucocorticoid receptor of human lung cytosol in vitro and
148 negligible pharmacological activity in animal studies. Other metabolites detected in vitro using
149 cultured human hepatoma cells have not been detected in man.

150 **Elimination:** Following intravenous dosing, fluticasone propionate showed polyexponential
151 kinetics and had a terminal elimination half-life of approximately 7.8 hours. Less than 5% of a
152 radiolabeled oral dose was excreted in the urine as metabolites, with the remainder excreted in the
153 feces as parent drug and metabolites.

154 **Hepatic Impairment:** Since fluticasone propionate is predominantly cleared by hepatic
155 metabolism, impairment of liver function may lead to accumulation of fluticasone propionate in
156 plasma. Therefore, patients with hepatic disease should be closely monitored.

157 **Gender:** Full pharmacokinetic profiles were obtained from 9 female and 18 male patients
158 given fluticasone propionate Inhalation powder 500 mcg twice daily using the DISKUS. No overall
159 differences in fluticasone propionate pharmacokinetics were observed.

160 **Special Populations:** Formal pharmacokinetic studies using fluticasone propionate were not
161 carried out in other special populations.

162 **Drug-Drug Interactions:** In a multiple-dose drug interaction study, coadministration of
163 fluticasone propionate (500 mcg twice daily) and erythromycin (333 mg 3 times daily) did not affect
164 fluticasone propionate pharmacokinetics. In another drug interaction study, coadministration of
165 fluticasone propionate (1000 mcg) and ketoconazole (200 mg once daily) resulted in increased
166 fluticasone propionate concentrations and reduced plasma cortisol area under the plasma
167 concentration versus time curve (AUC), but had no effect on urinary excretion of cortisol. Since
168 fluticasone propionate is a substrate of cytochrome P450 3A4, caution should be exercised when
169 cytochrome P450 3A4 inhibitors (e.g., ritonavir, ketoconazole) are coadministered with fluticasone
170 propionate as this could result in increased plasma concentrations of fluticasone propionate.

171 **Salmeterol Xinafoate:** Salmeterol xinafoate, an ionic salt, dissociates in solution so that the
172 salmeterol and 1-hydroxy-2-naphthoic acid (xinafoate) moieties are absorbed, distributed,

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173 metabolized, and eliminated independently. Salmeterol acts locally in the lung; therefore, plasma
174 levels do not predict therapeutic effect.

175 **Absorption:** Because of the small therapeutic dose, systemic levels of salmeterol are low or
176 undetectable after inhalation of recommended doses (50 mcg of salmeterol inhalation powder twice
177 daily). Following chronic administration of an inhaled dose of 50 mcg of salmeterol inhalation
178 powder twice daily, salmeterol was detected in plasma within 5 to 45 minutes in 7 asthmatic
179 patients; plasma concentrations were very low, with mean peak concentrations of 187 pg/mL at
180 20 minutes and no accumulation with repeated doses.

181 **Distribution:** Binding of salmeterol to human plasma proteins averages 96% in vitro over the
182 concentration range of 8 to 7722 ng of salmeterol base per milliliter, much higher concentrations
183 than those achieved following therapeutic doses of salmeterol.

184 **Metabolism:** Salmeterol base is extensively metabolized by hydroxylation, with subsequent
185 elimination predominantly in the feces. No significant amount of unchanged salmeterol base was
186 detected in either urine or feces.

187 **Elimination:** In 2 healthy subjects who received 1 mg of radiolabeled salmeterol (as
188 salmeterol xinafoate) orally, approximately 25% and 60% of the radiolabeled salmeterol was
189 eliminated in urine and feces, respectively, over a period of 7 days. The terminal elimination half-life
190 was about 5.5 hours (1 volunteer only).

191 The xinafoate moiety has no apparent pharmacologic activity. The xinafoate moiety is highly
192 protein bound (>99%) and has a long elimination half-life of 11 days.

193 **Special Populations:** Formal pharmacokinetic studies of salmeterol base have not been
194 conducted in special populations. Since salmeterol is predominantly cleared by hepatic metabolism,
195 impairment of liver function may lead to accumulation of salmeterol in plasma. Therefore, patients
196 with hepatic disease should be closely monitored.

197 **Pharmacodynamics: ADVAIR DISKUS:** Since systemic pharmacodynamic effects of salmeterol
198 are not normally seen at the therapeutic dose, higher doses were used to produce measurable
199 effects. Four studies were conducted in healthy subjects: (1) a single-dose crossover study using
200 2 inhalations of ADVAIR DISKUS 500/50, fluticasone propionate powder 500 mcg and salmeterol
201 powder 50 mcg given concurrently, or fluticasone propionate powder 500 mcg given alone, (2) a
202 cumulative dose study using 50 to 400 mcg of salmeterol powder given alone or as ADVAIR
203 DISKUS 500/50, (3) a repeat-dose study for 11 days using 2 inhalations twice daily of ADVAIR
204 DISKUS 250/50, fluticasone propionate powder 250 mcg, or salmeterol powder 50 mcg, and (4) a
205 single-dose study using 5 inhalations of ADVAIR DISKUS 100/50, fluticasone propionate powder
206 100 mcg alone, or placebo. In these studies no significant differences were observed in the
207 pharmacodynamic effects of salmeterol (pulse rate, blood pressure, QTc interval, potassium, and
208 glucose) whether the salmeterol was given as ADVAIR DISKUS, concurrently with fluticasone
209 propionate from separate inhalers, or as salmeterol alone. The systemic pharmacodynamic effects

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210 of salmeterol were not altered by the presence of fluticasone propionate in ADVAIR DISKUS. The
211 potential effect of salmeterol or the effects of fluticasone propionate on the
212 hypothalamic-pituitary-adrenal (HPA) axis was also evaluated in these studies. No significant
213 differences across treatments were observed in 24-hour urinary cortisol excretion and, where
214 measured, 24-hour plasma cortisol AUC. The systemic pharmacodynamic effects of fluticasone
215 propionate were not altered by the presence of salmeterol in ADVAIR DISKUS in healthy subjects.

216 In clinical studies with ADVAIR DISKUS in patients with asthma, no significant differences were
217 observed in the systemic pharmacodynamic effects of salmeterol (pulse rate, blood pressure, QTc
218 interval, potassium, and glucose) whether the salmeterol was given alone or as ADVAIR DISKUS.
219 In 72 adolescent and adult patients with asthma given either ADVAIR DISKUS 100/50 or ADVAIR
220 DISKUS 250/50, continuous 24-hour electrocardiographic monitoring was performed after the first
221 dose and after 12 weeks of therapy, and no clinically significant dysrhythmias were noted.

222 In a 28-week study in patients with asthma, ADVAIR DISKUS 500/50 twice daily was compared
223 with the concurrent use of salmeterol powder 50 mcg plus fluticasone propionate powder 500 mcg
224 from separate inhalers or fluticasone propionate powder 500 mcg alone. No significant differences
225 across treatments were observed in plasma cortisol AUC after 12 weeks of dosing or in 24-hour
226 urinary cortisol excretion after 12 and 28 weeks.

227 In a 12-week study in patients with asthma, ADVAIR DISKUS 250/50 twice daily was compared
228 with fluticasone propionate powder 250 mcg alone, salmeterol powder 50 mcg alone, and placebo.
229 For most patients, the ability to increase cortisol production in response to stress, as assessed by
230 30-minute cosyntropin stimulation, remained intact with ADVAIR DISKUS. One patient (3%) who
231 received ADVAIR DISKUS 250/50 had an abnormal response (peak serum cortisol <18 mcg/dL)
232 after dosing, compared with 2 patients (6%) who received placebo, 2 patients (6%) who received
233 fluticasone propionate 250 mcg, and no patients who received salmeterol.

234 **Fluticasone Propionate:** In clinical trials with fluticasone propionate inhalation powder using
235 doses up to and including 250 mcg twice daily, occasional abnormal short cosyntropin tests (peak
236 serum cortisol <18 mcg/dL) were noted both in patients receiving fluticasone propionate and in
237 patients receiving placebo. The incidence of abnormal tests at 500 mcg twice daily was greater than
238 placebo. In a 2-year study carried out in 64 patients with mild, persistent asthma (mean FEV₁ 91%
239 of predicted) randomized to fluticasone propionate 500 mcg twice daily or placebo, no patient
240 receiving fluticasone propionate had an abnormal response to 6-hour cosyntropin infusion (peak
241 serum cortisol <18 mcg/dL). With a peak cortisol threshold of <35 mcg/dL, one patient receiving
242 fluticasone propionate (4%) had an abnormal response at 1 year, repeat testing at 18 months and
243 2 years was normal. Another patient receiving fluticasone propionate (5%) had an abnormal
244 response at 2 years. No patient on placebo had an abnormal response at 1 or 2 years.

245 **Salmeterol Xinafoate:** Inhaled salmeterol, like other beta-adrenergic agonist drugs, can in some
246 patients produce dose-related cardiovascular effects and effects on blood glucose and/or serum

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247 potassium (see PRECAUTIONS). The cardiovascular effects (heart rate, blood pressure) associated
248 with salmeterol occur with similar frequency, and are of similar type and severity, as those noted
249 following albuterol administration.

250 The effects of rising doses of salmeterol and standard inhaled doses of albuterol were studied in
251 volunteers and in patients with asthma. Salmeterol doses up to 84 mcg administered as inhalation
252 aerosol resulted in heart rate increases of 3 to 16 beats/min, about the same as albuterol dosed at
253 180 mcg by inhalation aerosol (4 to 10 beats/min). Adolescent and adult patients receiving 50-mcg
254 doses of salmeterol inhalation powder (n = 60) underwent continuous electrocardiographic
255 monitoring during two 12-hour periods after the first dose and after 1 month of therapy, and no
256 clinically significant dysrhythmias were noted.

257 Studies in laboratory animals (minipigs, rodents, and dogs) have demonstrated the occurrence of
258 cardiac arrhythmias and sudden death (with histologic evidence of myocardial necrosis) when
259 beta-agonists and methylxanthines are administered concurrently. The clinical significance of these
260 findings is unknown.

261

262 **CLINICAL TRIALS:** In clinical trials comparing ADVAIR DISKUS with the individual components,
263 improvements in most efficacy endpoints were greater with ADVAIR DISKUS than with the use of
264 either fluticasone propionate or salmeterol alone. In addition, clinical trials showed similar results
265 between ADVAIR DISKUS and the concurrent use of fluticasone propionate plus salmeterol at
266 corresponding doses from separate inhalers.

267 **Studies Comparing ADVAIR DISKUS to Fluticasone Propionate Alone or Salmeterol Alone:**

268 Three double-blind, parallel-group clinical trials were conducted with ADVAIR DISKUS in 1208
269 adolescent and adult patients (≥12 years, baseline FEV₁ 63% to 72% of predicted normal) with
270 asthma that was not optimally controlled on their current therapy. All treatments were inhalation
271 powders, given as 1 inhalation from the DISKUS device twice daily, and other maintenance
272 therapies were discontinued.

273 **Study 1: Clinical Trial With ADVAIR DISKUS 100/50:** This placebo-controlled, 12-week, US
274 study compared ADVAIR DISKUS 100/50 with its individual components, fluticasone propionate
275 100 mcg and salmeterol 50 mcg. The study was stratified according to baseline asthma
276 maintenance therapy; patients were using either inhaled corticosteroids (n = 250) (daily doses of
277 beclomethasone dipropionate 252 to 420 mcg, flunisolide 1000 mcg, fluticasone propionate
278 inhalation aerosol 176 mcg, or triamcinolone acetonide 600 to 1000 mcg) or salmeterol (n = 106).
279 Baseline FEV₁ measurements were similar across treatments: ADVAIR DISKUS 100/50, 2.17 L;
280 fluticasone propionate 100 mcg, 2.11 L; salmeterol, 2.13 L; and placebo, 2.15 L.

281 Predefined withdrawal criteria for lack of efficacy, an indicator of worsening asthma, were utilized
282 for this placebo-controlled study. Worsening asthma was defined as a clinically important decrease
283 in FEV₁ or peak expiratory flow (PEF), increase in use of VENTOLIN® (albuterol, USP) Inhalation

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284 Aerosol, increase in night awakenings due to asthma, emergency intervention or hospitalization due
 285 to asthma, or requirement for asthma medication not allowed by the protocol. As shown in Table 1,
 286 statistically significantly fewer patients receiving ADVAIR DISKUS 100/50 were withdrawn due to
 287 worsening asthma compared with fluticasone propionate, salmeterol, and placebo.

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**Table 1: Percent of Patients Withdrawn Due to Worsening Asthma in Patients
 Previously Treated With Either Inhaled Corticosteroids or Salmeterol (Study 1)**

ADVAIR DISKUS 100/50 (n = 87)	Fluticasone Propionate 100 mcg (n = 85)	Salmeterol 50 mcg (n = 86)	Placebo (n = 77)
3%	11%	35%	49%

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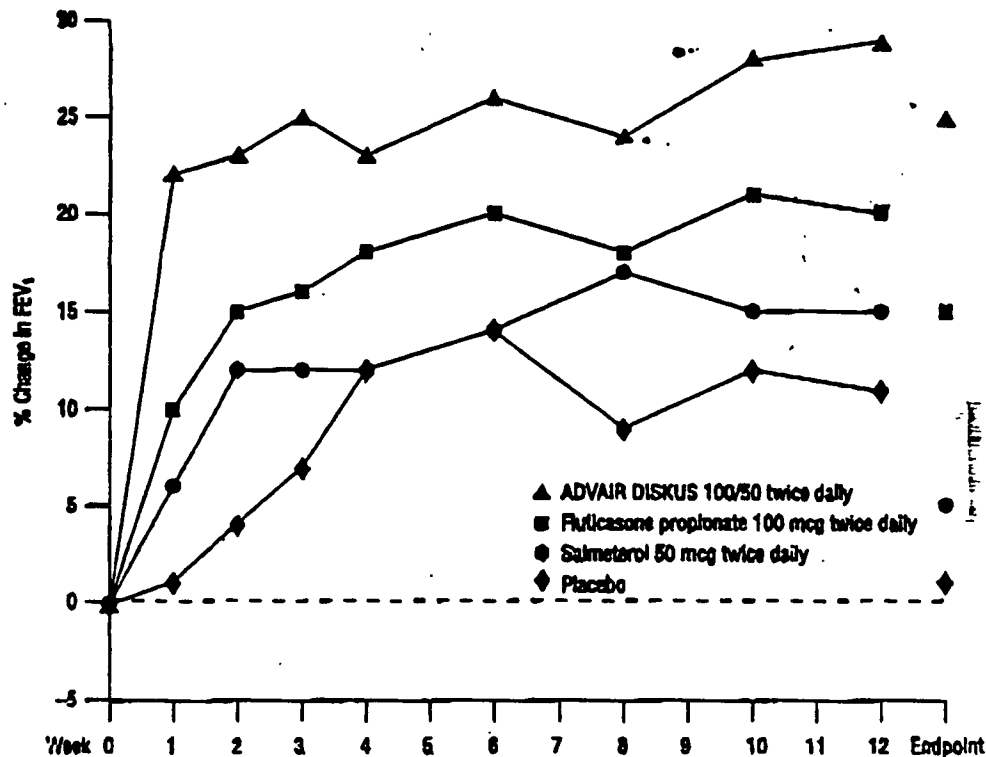
The FEV₁ results are displayed in Figure 1. Because this trial used predetermined criteria for
 worsening asthma, which caused more patients in the placebo group to be withdrawn, FEV₁ results
 at Endpoint (last available FEV₁ result) are also provided. Patients receiving ADVAIR DISKUS
 100/50 had significantly greater improvements in FEV₁ (0.51 L, 25%) compared with fluticasone
 propionate 100 mcg (0.28 L, 15%), salmeterol (0.11 L, 5%), and placebo (0.01 L, 1%). These
 improvements in FEV₁ with ADVAIR DISKUS were achieved regardless of baseline asthma
 maintenance therapy (inhaled corticosteroids or salmeterol).

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Figure 1: Mean Percent Change From Baseline in FEV₁ in Patients Previously Treated With Either Inhaled Corticosteroids or Salmeterol (Study 1)



	<u>N</u>		<u>N</u>		<u>N</u>	<u>N</u>
ADVAIR DISKUS 100/50	87		79		73	86
Fluticasone propionate 100 mcg	85		71		65	85
Salmeterol 50 mcg	88		89		51	86
Placebo	77		34		27	74

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The effect of ADVAIR DISKUS 100/50 on morning and evening peak expiratory flow (PEF) endpoints is shown in Table 2.

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Table 2: Peak Expiratory Flow Results for Patients

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Previously Treated With Either Inhaled Corticosteroids or Salmeterol (Study 1)

Efficacy Variable*	ADVAIR DISKUS 100/50 (n = 87)	Fluticasone Propionate 100 mcg (n = 85)	Salmeterol 50 mcg (n = 86)	Placebo (n = 77)
AM PEF (L/min)				
Baseline	393	374	369	382
Change from baseline	53	17	-2	-24
PM PEF (L/min)				
Baseline	418	390	396	398
Change from baseline	35	18	-7	-13

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*Change from baseline = change from baseline at Endpoint (last available data).

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The subjective impact of asthma on patients' perception of health was evaluated through use of an instrument called the Asthma Quality of Life Questionnaire (AQLQ) (based on a 7-point scale where 1 = maximum impairment and 7 = none). Patients receiving ADVAIR DISKUS 100/50 had clinically meaningful improvements in overall asthma-specific quality of life as defined by a difference between groups of ≥ 0.5 points in change from baseline AQLQ scores (difference in AQLQ score of 1.25 compared to placebo).

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Study 2: Clinical Trial With ADVAIR DISKUS 250/50: This placebo-controlled, 12-week, US study compared ADVAIR DISKUS 250/50 with its individual components, fluticasone propionate 250 mcg and salmeterol 50 mcg in 349 patients using inhaled corticosteroids (daily doses of beclomethasone dipropionate 462 to 672 mcg, flunisolide 1250 to 2000 mcg, fluticasone propionate inhalation aerosol 440 mcg, or triamcinolone acetonide 1100 to 1600 mcg). Baseline FEV₁ measurements were similar across treatments: ADVAIR DISKUS 250/50, 2.23 L; fluticasone propionate 250 mcg; 2.12 L; salmeterol, 2.20 L; and placebo, 2.19 L.

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Efficacy results in this study were similar to those observed in Study 1. Patients receiving ADVAIR DISKUS 250/50 had significantly greater improvements in FEV₁ (0.48 L, 23%) compared with fluticasone propionate 250 mcg (0.25 L, 13%), salmeterol (0.05 L, 4%), and placebo (decrease of 0.11 L, decrease of 5%). Statistically significantly fewer patients receiving ADVAIR DISKUS 250/50 were withdrawn from this study for worsening asthma (4%) compared with fluticasone propionate (22%), salmeterol (38%), and placebo (62%). In addition, ADVAIR DISKUS 250/50 was superior to fluticasone propionate, salmeterol, and placebo for improvements in morning and evening PEF. Patients receiving ADVAIR DISKUS 250/50 also had clinically meaningful improvements in overall asthma-specific quality of life as described in Study 1 (difference in AQLQ score of 1.29 compared to placebo).

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335 **Study 3: Clinical Trial With ADVAIR DISKUS 500/50:** This 28-week, non-US study compared
 336 ADVAIR DISKUS 500/50 with fluticasone propionate 500 mcg alone and concurrent therapy
 337 (salmeterol 50 mcg plus fluticasone propionate 500 mcg administered from separate inhalers) twice
 338 daily in 503 patients using inhaled corticosteroids [daily doses of beclomethasone dipropionate
 339 1260 to 1680 mcg, budesonide 1500 to 2000 mcg, flunisolide 1500 to 2000 mcg, or fluticasone
 340 propionate inhalation aerosol 660 to 880 mcg (750 to 1000 mcg inhalation powder)]. The primary
 341 efficacy parameter, morning PEF, was collected daily for the first 12 weeks of the study. The
 342 primary purpose of weeks 13 to 28 was to collect safety data.

343 Baseline PEF measurements were similar across treatments: ADVAIR DISKUS 500/50,
 344 359 L/min; fluticasone propionate 500 mcg, 351 L/min; and concurrent therapy, 345 L/min. As
 345 shown in Figure 2, morning PEF improved significantly with ADVAIR DISKUS 500/50 compared
 346 with fluticasone propionate 500 mcg over the 12-week treatment period. Improvements in morning
 347 PEF observed with ADVAIR DISKUS 500/50 were similar to improvements observed with
 348 concurrent therapy.

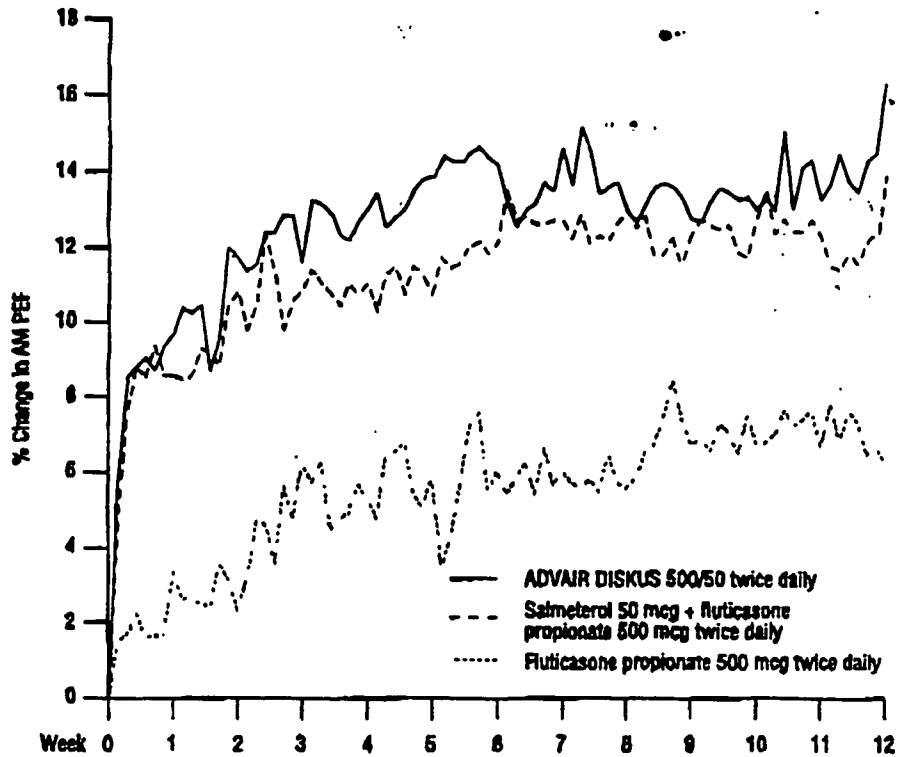
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Figure 2: Mean Percent Change From Baseline in Morning Peak Expiratory Flow in Patients Previously Treated With Inhaled Corticosteroids (Study 3)



	<u>N</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>N</u>
ADVAIR DISKUS 500/50	167	159	149
Salmeterol 50 mcg + fluticasone propionate 500 mcg	170	160	147
Fluticasone propionate 500 mcg	164	148	136

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Onset of Action and Progression of Improvement in Asthma Control: The onset of action and progression of improvement in asthma control were evaluated in the 2 placebo-controlled US trials. Following the first dose, the median time to onset of clinically significant bronchodilatation ($\geq 15\%$ improvement in FEV₁) in most patients was seen within 30 to 60 minutes. Maximum improvement in FEV₁ generally occurred within 3 hours, and clinically significant improvement was maintained for 12 hours (see Figure 3).

Following the initial dose, predose FEV₁ relative to day 1 baseline improved markedly over the first week of treatment and continued to improve over the 12 weeks of treatment in both studies.

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364 No diminution in the 12-hour bronchodilator effect was observed with either ADVAIR DISKUS
365 100/50 (Figures 3 and 4) or ADVAIR DISKUS 250/50 as assessed by FEV₁ following 12 weeks of
366 therapy.

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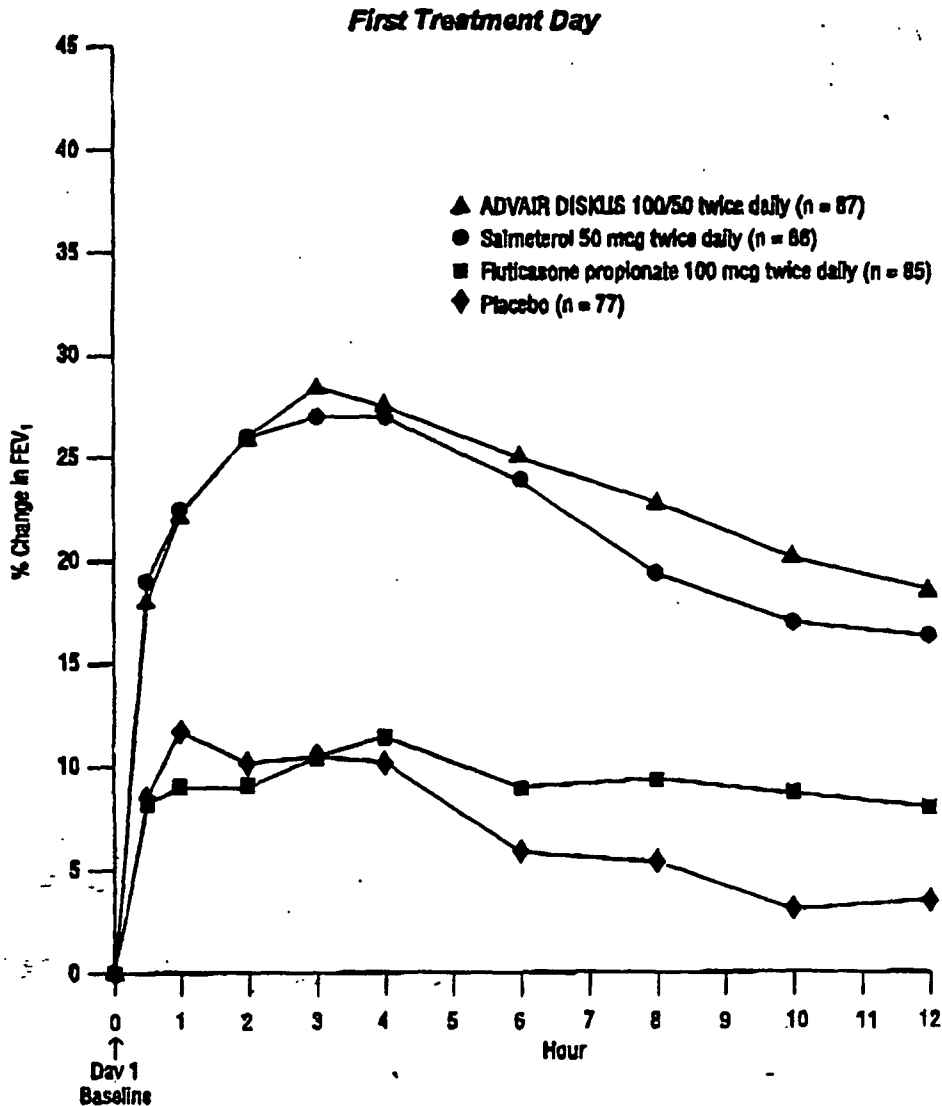
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**Figure 3: Percent Change in Serial 12-hour FEV₁ in Patients
Previously Using Either Inhaled Corticosteroids or Salmeterol (Study 1)**

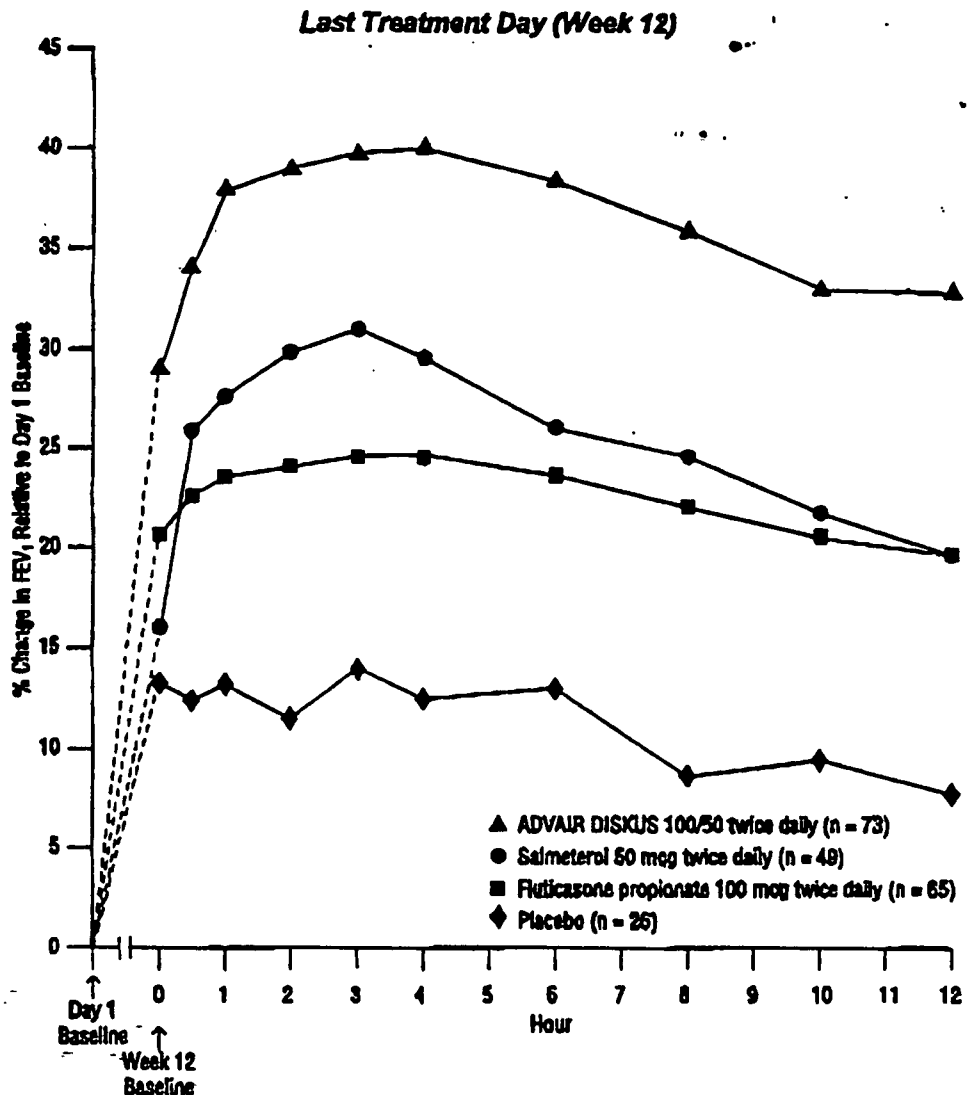


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Figure 4: Percent Change in Serial 12-hour FEV₁ in Patients Previously Using Either Inhaled Corticosteroids or Salmeterol (Study 1)



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381 Reduction in asthma symptoms, use of rescue VENTOLIN Inhalation Aerosol, and improvement
 382 in morning and evening PEF also occurred within the first day of treatment with ADVAIR DISKUS,
 383 and continued to improve over the 12 weeks of therapy in both studies.

384

385 **INDICATIONS AND USAGE:** ADVAIR DISKUS is indicated for the long-term, twice-daily,
 386 maintenance treatment of asthma in patients 12 years of age and older.

387

ADVAIR DISKUS is NOT indicated for the relief of acute bronchospasm.

388

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389 **CONTRAINDICATIONS:** ADVAIR DISKUS is contraindicated in the primary treatment of status
390 asthmaticus or other acute episodes of asthma where intensive measures are required.

391 Hypersensitivity to any of the ingredients of these preparations contraindicates their use.

392

393 **WARNINGS:** ADVAIR DISKUS should not be used for transferring patients from systemic
394 corticosteroid therapy.

395 Particular care is needed for patients who have been transferred from systemically active
396 corticosteroids to inhaled corticosteroids because deaths due to adrenal insufficiency have occurred
397 in patients with asthma during and after transfer from systemic corticosteroids to less systemically
398 available inhaled corticosteroids. After withdrawal from systemic corticosteroids, a number of
399 months are required for recovery of HPA function.

400 Patients who have been previously maintained on 20 mg or more per day of prednisone (or its
401 equivalent) may be most susceptible, particularly when their systemic corticosteroids have been
402 almost completely withdrawn. During this period of HPA suppression, patients may exhibit signs and
403 symptoms of adrenal insufficiency when exposed to trauma, surgery, or infection (particularly
404 gastroenteritis) or other conditions associated with severe electrolyte loss. Although inhaled
405 corticosteroids may provide control of asthma symptoms during these episodes, in recommended
406 doses they supply less than normal physiological amounts of glucocorticoid systemically and do
407 NOT provide the mineralocorticoid activity that is necessary for coping with these emergencies.

408 During periods of stress or a severe asthma attack, patients who have been withdrawn from
409 systemic corticosteroids should be instructed to resume oral corticosteroids (in large doses)
410 immediately and to contact their physicians for further instruction. These patients should also be
411 instructed to carry a warning card indicating that they may need supplementary systemic
412 corticosteroids during periods of stress or a severe asthma attack.

413 **1. ADVAIR DISKUS SHOULD NOT BE INITIATED IN PATIENTS DURING RAPIDLY**
414 **DETERIORATING OR POTENTIALLY LIFE-THREATENING EPISODES OF ASTHMA.** Serious
415 acute respiratory events, including fatalities, have been reported both in the United States
416 and worldwide when salmeterol, a component of ADVAIR DISKUS, has been initiated in
417 patients with significantly worsening or acutely deteriorating asthma. In most cases, these
418 have occurred in patients with severe asthma (e.g., patients with a history of corticosteroid
419 dependence, low pulmonary function, intubation, mechanical ventilation, frequent hospitalizations,
420 or previous life-threatening acute asthma exacerbations) and/or in some patients in whom asthma
421 has been acutely deteriorating (e.g., unresponsive to usual medications; increasing need for
422 inhaled, short-acting beta₂-agonists; increasing need for systemic corticosteroids; significant
423 increase in symptoms; recent emergency room visits; sudden or progressive deterioration in
424 pulmonary function). However, they have occurred in a few patients with less severe asthma as

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425 well. It was not possible from these reports to determine whether salmeterol contributed to these
426 events or simply failed to relieve the deteriorating asthma.

427 **2. Do Not Use ADVAIR DISKUS To Treat Acute Symptoms:** An inhaled, short-acting beta₂-agonist,
428 not ADVAIR DISKUS, should be used to relieve acute asthma symptoms. When prescribing
429 ADVAIR DISKUS, the physician must also provide the patient with an inhaled, short-acting
430 beta₂-agonist (e.g., albuterol) for treatment of symptoms that occur acutely, despite regular twice
431 daily (morning and evening) use of ADVAIR DISKUS.

432 When beginning treatment with ADVAIR DISKUS, patients who have been taking oral or inhaled,
433 short-acting beta₂-agonists on a regular basis (e.g., 4 times a day) should be instructed to
434 discontinue the regular use of these drugs. For patients on ADVAIR DISKUS, short-acting, inhaled
435 beta₂-agonists should only be used for symptomatic relief of acute asthma symptoms (see
436 PRECAUTIONS: Information for Patients).

437 **3. Watch for Increasing Use of Inhaled, Short-Acting Beta₂-agonists, Which Is a Marker of**
438 **Deteriorating Asthma.** Asthma may deteriorate acutely over a period of hours or chronically over
439 several days or longer. If the patient's inhaled, short-acting beta₂-agonist becomes less effective,
440 the patient needs more inhalations than usual, or the patient develops a significant decrease in
441 PEF, these may be a marker of destabilization of asthma. In this setting, the patient requires
442 immediate reevaluation with reassessment of the treatment regimen, giving special consideration to
443 the possible need for replacing the current strength of ADVAIR DISKUS with a higher strength,
444 adding additional inhaled corticosteroid, or initiating systemic corticosteroids. Patients should not
445 use more than one inhalation twice daily (morning and evening) of ADVAIR DISKUS.

446 **4. Do Not Use an Inhaled, Long-Acting Beta₂-agonist In Conjunction With ADVAIR DISKUS.**

447 Patients who are receiving ADVAIR DISKUS twice daily should not use salmeterol or other
448 long-acting inhaled beta₂-agonists for prevention of exercise-induced bronchospasm or the
449 maintenance treatment of asthma. Additional benefit would not be gained from using supplemental
450 salmeterol for prevention of exercise-induced bronchospasm since ADVAIR DISKUS already
451 contains salmeterol.

452 **5. Do Not Exceed Recommended Dosage:** ADVAIR DISKUS should not be used more often or at
453 higher doses than recommended. Fatalities have been reported in association with excessive use of
454 inhaled sympathomimetic drugs. Large doses of inhaled or oral salmeterol (12 to 20 times the
455 recommended dose) have been associated with clinically significant prolongation of the QT_c
456 interval, which has the potential for producing ventricular arrhythmias.

457 **6. Paradoxical Bronchospasm:** As with other inhaled asthma medications, ADVAIR DISKUS can
458 produce paradoxical bronchospasm, which may be life threatening. If paradoxical bronchospasm
459 occurs following dosing with ADVAIR DISKUS, it should be treated immediately with a short-acting,
460 inhaled bronchodilator, ADVAIR DISKUS should be discontinued immediately, and alternative
461 therapy should be instituted.

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- 462 **7. Immediate Hypersensitivity Reactions:** Immediate hypersensitivity reactions may occur after
463 administration of ADVAIR DISKUS, as demonstrated by cases of urticaria, angioedema, rash, and
464 bronchospasm.
- 465 **8. Upper Airway Symptoms:** Symptoms of laryngeal spasm, irritation, or swelling, such as stridor
466 and choking, have been reported in patients receiving fluticasone propionate and salmeterol,
467 components of ADVAIR DISKUS.
- 468 **9. Cardiovascular Disorders:** ADVAIR DISKUS, like all products containing sympathomimetic
469 amines, should be used with caution in patients with cardiovascular disorders, especially coronary
470 insufficiency, cardiac arrhythmias, and hypertension. Salmeterol, a component of ADVAIR DISKUS,
471 can produce a clinically significant cardiovascular effect in some patients as measured by pulse
472 rate, blood pressure, and/or symptoms. Although such effects are uncommon after administration of
473 salmeterol at recommended doses, if they occur, the drug may need to be discontinued. In addition,
474 beta-agonists have been reported to produce electrocardiogram (ECG) changes, such as flattening
475 of the T wave, prolongation of the QT_c interval, and ST segment depression. The clinical
476 significance of these findings is unknown.
- 477 **10. Discontinuation of Systemic Corticosteroids:** Transfer of patients from systemic corticosteroid
478 therapy to ADVAIR DISKUS may unmask conditions previously suppressed by the systemic
479 corticosteroid therapy, e.g., rhinitis, conjunctivitis, eczema, and arthritis.
- 480 **11. Immunosuppression:** Persons who are using drugs that suppress the immune system are more
481 susceptible to infections than healthy individuals. Chickenpox and measles, for example, can have
482 a more serious or even fatal course in susceptible children or adults using corticosteroids. In such
483 children or adults who have not had these diseases or been properly immunized, particular care
484 should be taken to avoid exposure. How the dose, route, and duration of corticosteroid
485 administration affect the risk of developing a disseminated infection is not known. The contribution
486 of the underlying disease and/or prior corticosteroid treatment to the risk is also not known. If
487 exposed to chickenpox, prophylaxis with varicella zoster immune globulin (VZIG) may be indicated.
488 If exposed to measles, prophylaxis with pooled intramuscular immunoglobulin (IG) may be
489 indicated. (See the respective package inserts for complete VZIG and IG prescribing information.) If
490 chickenpox develops, treatment with antiviral agents may be considered.

491

492 PRECAUTIONS:

- 493 **General: 1. Cardiovascular Effects:** No effect on the cardiovascular system is usually seen after the
494 administration of inhaled ADVAIR DISKUS at recommended doses. The cardiovascular and central
495 nervous system effects seen with all sympathomimetic drugs (e.g., increased blood pressure, heart
496 rate, excitement) can occur after use of salmeterol, a component of ADVAIR DISKUS, and may
497 require discontinuation of ADVAIR DISKUS. ADVAIR DISKUS, like all medications containing
498 sympathomimetic amines, should be used with caution in patients with cardiovascular disorders.

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499 especially coronary insufficiency, cardiac arrhythmias, and hypertension; in patients with convulsive
500 disorders or thyrotoxicosis; and in patients who are unusually responsive to sympathomimetic
501 amines.

502 As has been described with other beta-adrenergic agonist bronchodilators, clinically significant
503 changes in electrocardiograms have been seen infrequently in individual patients in controlled
504 clinical studies with ADVAIR DISKUS and salmeterol. Clinically significant changes in systolic
505 and/or diastolic blood pressure and pulse rate have been seen infrequently in individual patients in
506 controlled clinical studies with salmeterol, a component of ADVAIR DISKUS.

507 2. Metabolic and Other Effects: Doses of the related beta₂-adrenoceptor agonist albuterol, when
508 administered intravenously, have been reported to aggravate preexisting diabetes mellitus and
509 ketoacidosis. Beta-adrenergic agonist medications may produce significant hypokalemia in some
510 patients, possibly through intracellular shunting, which has the potential to produce adverse
511 cardiovascular effects. The decrease in serum potassium is usually transient, not requiring
512 supplementation.

513 Clinically significant changes in blood glucose and/or serum potassium were seen rarely during
514 clinical studies with ADVAIR DISKUS at recommended doses.

515 During withdrawal from oral corticosteroids, some patients may experience symptoms of
516 systemically active corticosteroid withdrawal, e.g., joint and/or muscular pain, lassitude, and
517 depression, despite maintenance or even improvement of respiratory function.

518 Fluticasone propionate, a component of ADVAIR DISKUS, will often permit control of asthma
519 symptoms with less suppression of HPA function than therapeutically equivalent oral doses of
520 prednisone. Since fluticasone propionate is absorbed into the circulation and can be systemically
521 active at higher doses, the beneficial effects of ADVAIR DISKUS in minimizing HPA dysfunction
522 may be expected only when recommended dosages are not exceeded and individual patients are
523 titrated to the lowest effective dose. A relationship between plasma levels of fluticasone propionate
524 and inhibitory effects on stimulated cortisol production has been shown after 4 weeks of treatment
525 with fluticasone propionate inhalation aerosol. Since individual sensitivity to effects on cortisol
526 production exists, physicians should consider this information when prescribing ADVAIR DISKUS.

527 Because of the possibility of systemic absorption of inhaled corticosteroids, patients treated with
528 these drugs should be observed carefully for any evidence of systemic corticosteroid effects.
529 Particular care should be taken in observing patients postoperatively or during periods of stress for
530 evidence of inadequate adrenal response.

531 It is possible that systemic corticosteroid effects such as hypercorticism and adrenal suppression
532 may appear in a small number of patients, particularly at higher doses. If such changes occur, the
533 dose of fluticasone propionate should be reduced slowly, consistent with accepted procedures for
534 reducing systemic corticosteroids and for management of asthma symptoms.

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535 Orally inhaled corticosteroids may cause a reduction in growth velocity when administered to
536 pediatric patients (see PRECAUTIONS: Pediatric Use). Patients should be maintained on the
537 lowest strength of ADVAIR DISKUS that effectively controls their asthma.

538 The long-term effects of ADVAIR DISKUS in human subjects are not fully known. In particular,
539 the effects resulting from chronic use of fluticasone propionate on developmental or immunologic
540 processes in the mouth, pharynx, trachea, and lung are unknown. Some patients have received
541 inhaled fluticasone propionate on a continuous basis for periods of 3 years or longer. In clinical
542 studies with patients treated for 2 years with inhaled fluticasone propionate, no apparent differences
543 in the type or severity of adverse reactions were observed after long- versus short-term treatment.

544 Rare instances of glaucoma, increased intraocular pressure, and cataracts have been reported
545 following the inhaled administration of corticosteroids, including fluticasone propionate, a
546 component of ADVAIR DISKUS.

547 In clinical studies with ADVAIR DISKUS, the development of localized infections of the pharynx
548 with *Candida albicans* has occurred. When such an infection develops, it should be treated with
549 appropriate local or systemic (i.e., oral antifungal) therapy while remaining on treatment with
550 ADVAIR DISKUS, but at times therapy with ADVAIR DISKUS may need to be interrupted.

551 Inhaled corticosteroids should be used with caution, if at all, in patients with active or quiescent
552 tuberculosis infections of the respiratory tract; untreated systemic fungal, bacterial, viral, or parasitic
553 infections; or ocular herpes simplex.

554 **3. Eosinophilic Conditions:** In rare cases, patients on inhaled fluticasone propionate, a component of
555 ADVAIR DISKUS, may present with systemic eosinophilic conditions, with some patients presenting
556 with clinical features of vasculitis consistent with Churg-Strauss syndrome, a condition that is often
557 treated with systemic corticosteroid therapy. These events usually, but not always, have been
558 associated with the reduction and/or withdrawal of oral corticosteroid therapy following the
559 introduction of fluticasone propionate. Cases of serious eosinophilic conditions have also been
560 reported with other inhaled corticosteroids in this clinical setting. Physicians should be alert to
561 eosinophilia, vasculitic rash, worsening pulmonary symptoms, cardiac complications, and/or
562 neuropathy presenting in their patients. A causal relationship between fluticasone propionate and
563 these underlying conditions has not been established (see ADVERSE REACTIONS).

564 **Information for Patients:** Patients being treated with ADVAIR DISKUS should receive the
565 following information and instructions. This information is intended to aid them in the safe and
566 effective use of this medication. It is not a disclosure of all possible adverse or intended effects.

567 It is important that patients understand how to use the DISKUS inhalation device appropriately
568 and how it should be used in relation to other asthma medications they are taking. Patients should
569 be given the following information:

570 1. Patients should use ADVAIR DISKUS at regular intervals as directed. Results of clinical trials
571 indicate significant improvement may occur within the first 30 minutes of taking the first dose;

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- 572 however, the full benefit may not be achieved until treatment has been administered for 1 week or
573 longer. The patient should not exceed the prescribed dosage and should contact the physician if
574 symptoms do not improve or if the condition worsens.
- 575 2. The bronchodilation from a single dose of ADVAIR DISKUS may last up to 12 hours or longer.
576 The recommended dosage (1 inhalation twice daily, morning and evening) should not be exceeded.
577 Patients who are receiving ADVAIR DISKUS twice daily should not use salmeterol or other
578 long-acting inhaled beta₂-agonists for prevention of exercise-induced bronchospasm or maintenance
579 treatment of asthma.
- 580 3. ADVAIR DISKUS is not meant to relieve acute asthma symptoms and extra doses should not be
581 used for that purpose. Acute symptoms should be treated with an inhaled, short-acting beta₂-agonist
582 such as albuterol (the physician should provide the patient with such medication and instruct the
583 patient in how it should be used).
- 584 4. The physician should be notified immediately if any of the following situations occur, which may
585 be a sign of seriously worsening asthma:
- 586 • Decreasing effectiveness of inhaled, short-acting beta₂-agonists
 - 587 • Need for more inhalations than usual of inhaled, short-acting beta₂-agonists
 - 588 • Significant decrease in peak flow as outlined by the physician
- 589 5. Patients should be cautioned regarding common adverse cardiovascular effects, such as
590 palpitations, chest pain, rapid heart rate, tremor, or nervousness.
- 591 6. When patients are prescribed ADVAIR DISKUS, other inhaled drugs and asthma medications
592 should be used only as directed by the physician.
- 593 7. ADVAIR DISKUS should not be used with a spacer device.
- 594 8. If you are pregnant or nursing, contact your physician about the use of ADVAIR DISKUS.
- 595 9. Effective and safe use of ADVAIR DISKUS includes an understanding of the way that it should be
596 used:
- 597 • Never exhale into the DISKUS.
 - 598 • Never attempt to take the DISKUS apart.
 - 599 • Always activate and use the DISKUS in a level, horizontal position.
 - 600 • Never wash the mouthpiece or any part of the DISKUS. KEEP IT DRY.
 - 601 • Always keep the DISKUS in a dry place.
 - 602 • Discard 1 month after removal from the moisture-protective foil overwrap pouch or after every
603 blister has been used (when the dose indicator reads "0"), whichever comes first.
- 604 10. Patients should be warned to avoid exposure to chickenpox or measles and, if they are
605 exposed, to consult their physicians without delay.
- 606 11. For the proper use of ADVAIR DISKUS and to attain maximum improvement, the patient should
607 read and follow carefully the accompanying Patient's Instructions for Use.

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608 Drug Interactions: ADVAIR DISKUS has been used concomitantly with other drugs, including
609 short-acting beta₂-agonists, methylxanthines, and intranasal corticosteroids, commonly used in
610 patients with asthma, without adverse drug reactions. No formal drug interaction studies have been
611 performed with ADVAIR DISKUS.

612 **Short-Acting Beta₂-Agonists:** In clinical trials, the mean daily need for additional beta₂-agonist
613 use in 166 patients using ADVAIR DISKUS was approximately 1.3 inhalations per day, and ranged
614 from 0 to 9 inhalations per day. Five percent of the ADVAIR DISKUS patients in these trials
615 averaged 6 or more inhalations per day over the course of the 12-week trials. No observed increase
616 in frequency of cardiovascular events was noted among patients who averaged 6 or more
617 inhalations per day.

618 **Methylxanthines:** The concurrent use of intravenously or orally administered methylxanthines
619 (e.g., aminophylline, theophylline) by patients receiving ADVAIR DISKUS has not been completely
620 evaluated. In clinical trials, 39 patients receiving ADVAIR DISKUS 100/50, 250/50, or 500/50 twice
621 daily concurrently with a theophylline product had adverse event rates similar to those in 304
622 patients receiving ADVAIR DISKUS without theophylline. Similar results were observed in patients
623 receiving salmeterol 50 mcg plus fluticasone propionate 500 mcg twice daily concurrently with a
624 theophylline product (n = 39) or without theophylline (n = 132).

625 **Fluticasone Propionate Nasal Spray:** In patients taking ADVAIR DISKUS in clinical trials, no
626 difference in the profile of adverse events or HPA axis effects was noted between patients taking
627 FLONASE® (fluticasone propionate) Nasal Spray, 50 mcg concurrently (n = 46) and those who were
628 not (n = 130).

629 **Monoamine Oxidase Inhibitors and Tricyclic Antidepressants:** ADVAIR DISKUS should be
630 administered with extreme caution to patients being treated with monoamine oxidase inhibitors or
631 tricyclic antidepressants, or within 2 weeks of discontinuation of such agents, because the action of
632 salmeterol, a component of ADVAIR DISKUS, on the vascular system may be potentiated by these
633 agents.

634 **Beta-Adrenergic Receptor Blocking Agents:** Beta-blockers not only block the pulmonary
635 effect of beta-agonists, such as salmeterol, a component of ADVAIR DISKUS, but may produce
636 severe bronchospasm in patients with asthma. Therefore, patients with asthma should not normally
637 be treated with beta-blockers. However, under certain circumstances, there may be no acceptable
638 alternatives to the use of beta-adrenergic blocking agents in patients with asthma. In this setting,
639 cardioselective beta-blockers could be considered, although they should be administered with
640 caution.

641 **Diuretics:** The ECG changes and/or hypokalemia that may result from the administration of
642 nonpotassium-sparing diuretics (such as loop or thiazide diuretics) can be acutely worsened by
643 beta-agonists, especially when the recommended dose of the beta-agonist is exceeded. Although

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644 the clinical significance of these effects is not known, caution is advised in the coadministration of
645 beta-agonists with nonpotassium-sparing diuretics.

646 **Ketoconazole and Other Inhibitors of Cytochrome P450:** In a placebo-controlled, crossover
647 study in 8 healthy volunteers, coadministration of a single dose of fluticasone propionate
648 (1000 mcg) with multiple doses of ketoconazole (200 mg) to steady state resulted in increased
649 mean fluticasone propionate concentrations, a reduction in plasma cortisol AUC, and no effect on
650 urinary excretion of cortisol. This interaction may be due to an inhibition of cytochrome P450 3A4 by
651 ketoconazole, which is also the route of metabolism of fluticasone propionate. Care should be
652 exercised when ADVAIR DISKUS is coadministered with long-term ketoconazole and other known
653 cytochrome P450 3A4 inhibitors.

654 **Carcinogenesis, Mutagenesis, Impairment of Fertility: Fluticasone Propionate:** Fluticasone
655 propionate demonstrated no tumorigenic potential in mice at oral doses up to 1000 mcg/kg
656 (approximately 4 times the maximum recommended daily inhalation dose in adults on a mcg/m²
657 basis) for 78 weeks or in rats at inhalation doses up to 57 mcg/kg (less than the maximum
658 recommended daily inhalation dose in adults on a mcg/m² basis) for 104 weeks.

659 Fluticasone propionate did not induce gene mutation in prokaryotic or eukaryotic cells in vitro. No
660 significant clastogenic effect was seen in cultured human peripheral lymphocytes in vitro or in the
661 mouse micronucleus test

662 No evidence of impairment of fertility was observed in reproductive studies conducted in male
663 and female rats at subcutaneous doses up to 50 mcg/kg (less than the maximum recommended
664 daily inhalation dose in adults on a mcg/m² basis). Prostate weight was significantly reduced at a
665 subcutaneous dose of 50 mcg/kg.

666 **Salmeterol:** In an 18-month carcinogenicity study in CD-mice, salmeterol at oral doses of
667 1.4 mg/kg and above (approximately 20 times the maximum recommended daily inhalation dose in
668 adults based on comparison of the plasma area under the curves ([AUCs]) caused a dose-related
669 increase in the incidence of smooth muscle hyperplasia, cystic glandular hyperplasia, leiomyomas
670 of the uterus, and cysts in the ovaries. The incidence of leiomyosarcomas was not statistically
671 significant. No tumors were seen at 0.2 mg/kg (approximately 3 times the maximum recommended
672 daily inhalation doses in adults based on comparison of the AUCs).

673 In a 24-month oral and inhalation carcinogenicity study in Sprague Dawley rats, salmeterol
674 caused a dose-related increase in the incidence of mesovarian leiomyomas and ovarian cysts at
675 doses of 0.68 mg/kg and above (approximately 60 times the maximum recommended daily
676 inhalation dose in adults on a mg/m² basis). No tumors were seen at 0.21 mg/kg (approximately 20
677 times the maximum recommended daily inhalation dose in adults on a mg/m² basis). These findings
678 in rodents are similar to those reported previously for other beta-adrenergic agonist drugs. The
679 relevance of these findings to human use is unknown.

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680 Salmeterol produced no detectable or reproducible increases in microbial and mammalian gene
681 mutation in vitro. No clastogenic activity occurred in vitro in human lymphocytes or in vivo in a rat
682 micronucleus test. No effects on fertility were identified in male and female rats treated with
683 salmeterol at oral doses up to 2 mg/kg (approximately 180 times the maximum recommended daily
684 inhalation dose in adults on a mg/m² basis).

685 **Pregnancy: Teratogenic Effects: ADVAIR DISKUS:** Pregnancy Category C. From the
686 reproduction toxicity studies in mice and rats, no evidence of enhanced toxicity was seen using
687 combinations of fluticasone propionate and salmeterol compared to toxicity data from the
688 components administered separately. In mice combining 150 mcg/kg subcutaneously of fluticasone
689 propionate (less than the maximum recommended daily inhalation dose in adults on a mcg/m²
690 basis) with 10 mg/kg orally of salmeterol (approximately 450 times the maximum recommended
691 daily inhalation dose in adults on a mg/m² basis) were teratogenic. Cleft palate, fetal death,
692 increased implantation loss and delayed ossification was seen. These observations are
693 characteristic of glucocorticoids. No developmental toxicity was observed at combination doses up
694 to 40 mcg/kg subcutaneously of fluticasone propionate (less than the maximum recommended daily
695 inhalation dose in adults on a mcg/m² basis) and up to 1.4 mg/kg orally of salmeterol (approximately
696 65 times the maximum recommended daily inhalation dose in adults on a mg/m² basis. In rats, no
697 teratogenicity was observed at combination doses up to 30 mcg/kg subcutaneously of fluticasone
698 propionate (less than the maximum recommended daily inhalation dose in adults on a mcg/m²
699 basis) and up to 1 mg/kg of salmeterol (approximately 90 times the maximum recommended daily
700 inhalation dose in adults on a mg/m² basis). Combining 100 mcg/kg subcutaneously of fluticasone
701 propionate (less than the maximum recommended daily inhalation dose in adults on a mcg/m²
702 basis) with 10 mg/kg orally of salmeterol (approximately 900 times the maximum recommended
703 daily inhalation dose in adults on a mg/m² basis) produced maternal toxicity, decreased placental
704 weight, decreased fetal weight, umbilical hernia, delayed ossification, and changes in the occipital
705 bone. There are no adequate and well-controlled studies with ADVAIR DISKUS in pregnant women.
706 ADVAIR DISKUS should be used during pregnancy only if the potential benefit justifies the potential
707 risk to the fetus.

708 **Fluticasone Propionate:** Pregnancy Category C. Subcutaneous studies in the mouse and rat
709 at 45 and 100 mcg/kg (less than or equivalent to the maximum recommended daily inhalation dose
710 in adults on a mcg/m² basis), respectively, revealed fetal toxicity characteristic of potent
711 corticosteroid compounds, including embryonic growth retardation, omphalocele, cleft palate, and
712 retarded cranial ossification.

713 In the rabbit, fetal weight reduction and cleft palate were observed at a subcutaneous dose of
714 4 mcg/kg (less than the maximum recommended daily inhalation dose in adults on a mcg/m² basis).
715 However, no teratogenic effects were reported at oral doses up to 300 mcg/kg (approximately 5
716 times the maximum recommended daily inhalation dose in adults on a mcg/m² basis) of fluticasone

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717 propionate. No fluticasone propionate was detected in the plasma in this study, consistent with the
718 established low bioavailability following oral administration (see CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY).

719 Fluticasone propionate crossed the placenta following administration of a subcutaneous dose of
720 100 mcg/kg to mice (less than the maximum recommended daily inhalation dose in adults on a
721 mcg/m² basis) administration of a subcutaneous or an oral dose of 100 mcg/kg to rats,
722 (approximately equivalent to the maximum recommended daily inhalation dose in adults on a
723 mcg/m² basis) and an oral dose of 300 mcg/kg administered to rabbits (approximately 5 times the
724 maximum recommended daily inhalation dose in adults on a mcg/m² basis).

725 There are no adequate and well-controlled studies in pregnant women. Fluticasone propionate
726 should be used during pregnancy only if the potential benefit justifies the potential risk to the fetus.

727 Experience with oral corticosteroids since their introduction in pharmacologic, as opposed to
728 physiologic, doses suggests that rodents are more prone to teratogenic effects from corticosteroids
729 than humans. In addition, because there is a natural increase in corticosteroid production during
730 pregnancy, most women will require a lower exogenous corticosteroid dose and many will not need
731 corticosteroid treatment during pregnancy.

732 **Salmeterol: Pregnancy Category C.** No teratogenic effects occurred in rats at oral doses up
733 to 2 mg/kg (approximately 180 times the maximum recommended daily inhalation dose in adults on
734 a mg/m² basis). In pregnant Dutch rabbits administered oral doses of 1 mg/kg and above
735 (approximately 50 times the maximum recommended daily inhalation dose in adults based on
736 comparison of the AUCs), salmeterol exhibited fetal toxic effects characteristically resulting from
737 beta-adrenoceptor stimulation. These included precocious eyelid openings, cleft palate, sternal
738 fusion, limb and paw flexures, and delayed ossification of the frontal cranial bones. No significant
739 effects occurred at an oral dose of 0.6 mg/kg (approximately 20 times the maximum recommended
740 daily inhalation dose in adults based on comparison of the AUCs).

741 New Zealand White rabbits were less sensitive since only delayed ossification of the frontal
742 bones was seen at an oral dose of 10 mg/kg (approximately 1800 times the maximum
743 recommended daily inhalation dose in adults on a mg/m² basis). Extensive use of other
744 beta-agonists has provided no evidence that these class effects in animals are relevant to their use
745 in humans. There are no adequate and well-controlled studies with salmeterol in pregnant women.
746 Salmeterol should be used during pregnancy only if the potential benefit justifies the potential risk to
747 the fetus.

748 Salmeterol xinafoate crossed the placenta following oral administration of 10 mg/kg to mice and
749 rats (approximately 450 and 900 times, respectively, the maximum recommended daily inhalation
750 dose in adults on a mg/m² basis).

751 **Use in Labor and Delivery:** There are no well-controlled human studies that have investigated
752 effects of ADVAIR DISKUS on preterm labor or labor at term. Because of the potential for
753 beta-agonist interference with uterine contractility, use of ADVAIR DISKUS for management of

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754 asthma during labor should be restricted to those patients in whom the benefits clearly outweigh the
755 risks.

756 **Nursing Mothers:** Plasma levels of salmeterol, a component of ADVAIR DISKUS, after inhaled
757 therapeutic doses are very low. In rats, salmeterol xinafoate is excreted in the milk. There are no
758 data from controlled trials on the use of salmeterol by nursing mothers. It is not known whether
759 fluticasone propionate, a component of ADVAIR DISKUS, is excreted in human breast milk;
760 however, other corticosteroids have been detected in human milk. Subcutaneous administration to
761 lactating rats of 10 mcg/kg tritiated fluticasone propionate (less than the maximum recommended
762 daily inhalation dose in adults on a mcg/m² basis) resulted in measurable radioactivity in milk.

763 Since there are no data from controlled trials on the use of ADVAIR DISKUS by nursing mothers,
764 a decision should be made whether to discontinue nursing or to discontinue ADVAIR DISKUS,
765 taking into account the importance of ADVAIR DISKUS to the mother.

766 Caution should be exercised when ADVAIR DISKUS is administered to a nursing woman.

767 **Pediatric Use:** The safety and effectiveness of ADVAIR DISKUS in children under 12 years of age
768 has not been established. In one 12-week study, 257 patients 4 to 11 years inadequately controlled
769 using inhaled corticosteroids were randomized to ADVAIR DISKUS 100/50 or concurrent therapy
770 with fluticasone propionate inhalation powder 100 mcg plus salmeterol inhalation powder 50 mcg
771 twice daily. The pattern of adverse events reported in patients 4 to 11 years of age was similar to
772 that seen in patients 12 years of age and older treated with ADVAIR DISKUS.

773 Controlled clinical studies have shown that orally inhaled corticosteroids may cause a reduction
774 in growth velocity in pediatric patients. This effect has been observed in the absence of laboratory
775 evidence of HPA axis suppression, suggesting that growth velocity is a more sensitive indicator of
776 systemic corticosteroid exposure in pediatric patients than some commonly used tests of HPA axis
777 function. The long-term effects of this reduction in growth velocity associated with orally inhaled
778 corticosteroids, including the impact on final adult height, are unknown. The potential for "catch up"
779 growth following discontinuation of treatment with orally inhaled corticosteroids has not been
780 adequately studied.

781 Inhaled corticosteroids, including fluticasone propionate, a component of ADVAIR DISKUS, may
782 cause a reduction in growth velocity in children and adolescents (see PRECAUTIONS). The growth
783 of pediatric patients receiving orally inhaled corticosteroids, including ADVAIR DISKUS, should be
784 monitored. If a child or adolescent on any corticosteroid appears to have growth suppression, the
785 possibility that he/she is particularly sensitive to this effect of corticosteroids should be considered.
786 The potential growth effects of prolonged treatment should be weighed against the clinical benefits
787 obtained. To minimize the systemic effects of orally inhaled corticosteroids, including ADVAIR
788 DISKUS, each patient should be titrated to the lowest strength that effectively controls his/her
789 asthma (see DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION).

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790 **Geriatric Use:** Of the total number of patients in clinical studies of ADVAIR DISKUS, 44 were
791 65 years of age or older and 3 were 75 years of age or older. No overall differences in safety were
792 observed between these patients and younger patients, and other reported clinical experience,
793 including studies of the individual components, has not identified differences in responses between
794 the elderly and younger patients, but greater sensitivity of some older individuals cannot be ruled
795 out. As with other products containing beta₂-agonists, special caution should be observed when
796 using ADVAIR DISKUS in geriatric patients who have concomitant cardiovascular disease that
797 could be adversely affected by beta₂-agonists. Based on available data for ADVAIR DISKUS or its
798 active components, no adjustment of dosage of ADVAIR DISKUS in geriatric patients is warranted.

799

800 **ADVERSE REACTIONS:** The incidence of common adverse experiences in Table 3 is based upon
801 2 placebo-controlled, 12-week, US clinical studies (Studies 1 and 2). A total of 705 adolescent and
802 adult patients (349 females and 356 males) previously treated with salmeterol or inhaled
803 corticosteroids were treated twice daily with ADVAIR DISKUS (100/50- or 250/50-mcg doses),
804 fluticasone propionate inhalation powder (100- or 250-mcg doses), salmeterol inhalation powder
805 50 mcg, or placebo.

806

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Table 3: Overall Adverse Effects With ≥3% Incidence With ADVAIR DISKUS

Adverse Event	ADVAIR DISKUS 100/50 (n = 92)	ADVAIR DISKUS 250/50 (n = 84)	Fluticasone Propionate 100 mcg (n = 90)	Fluticasone Propionate 250 mcg (n = 84)	Salmetero 150 mcg (n = 180)	Placebo (n = 175)
	%	%	%	%	%	%
Ear, nose, and throat						
Upper respiratory tract						
infection	27	21	29	25	19	14
Pharyngitis	13	10	7	12	8	6
Upper respiratory						
inflammation	7	6	7	8	8	5
Sinusitis	4	5	6	1	3	0
Hoarseness/dysphonia	6	2	2	4	<1	0
Oral candidiasis	1	4	2	2	0	0
Lower respiratory						
Viral respiratory infections	4	4	4	10	6	3
Bronchitis	2	8	1	2	2	2
Cough	3	6	0	0	3	2
Neurology						
Headaches	12	13	14	8	10	7
Gastrointestinal						
Nausea & vomiting	4	6	3	4	1	1
Gastrointestinal discomfort & pain	4	1	0	2	1	1
Diarrhea	4	2	2	2	1	1
Viral gastrointestinal infections	3	0	3	1	2	2
Non-site specific						
Candidiasis unspecified site	3	0	1	4	0	1
Musculoskeletal						
Musculoskeletal pain	4	2	1	5	3	3
Average duration of exposure (days)	77.3	78.7	72.4	70.1	60.1	42.3

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808

809 Table 3 includes all events (whether considered drug-related or nondrug-related by the
810 investigator) that occurred at a rate of 3% or greater in either of the groups receiving ADVAIR
811 DISKUS and were more common than in the placebo group. In considering these data, differences
812 in average duration of exposure should be taken into account.

813 These adverse reactions were mostly mild to moderate in severity. Rare cases of immediate and
814 delayed hypersensitivity reactions, including rash and other rare events of angioedema and
815 bronchospasm, have been reported.

816 Other adverse effects that occurred in the groups receiving ADVAIR DISKUS in these studies
817 with an incidence of 1% to 3% and that occurred at a greater incidence than with placebo were:

818 **Blood and Lymphatic:** Lymphatic signs and symptoms.

819 **Cardiovascular:** Palpitations.

820 **Drug Interaction, Overdose, and Trauma:** Muscle injuries, fractures, wounds and lacerations,
821 contusions and hematomas, burns.

822 **Ear, Nose, and Throat:** Rhinorrhea/post nasal drip; ear, nose and throat infections; ear signs
823 and symptoms; nasal signs and symptoms; nasal sinus disorders; rhinitis; sneezing; nasal irritation;
824 blood in nasal mucosa.

825 **Eye:** Keratitis and conjunctivitis, viral eye infections, eye redness.

826 **Gastrointestinal:** Dental discomfort and pain, gastrointestinal signs and symptoms,
827 gastrointestinal infections, gastroenteritis, gastrointestinal disorders, oral ulcerations, oral erythema
828 and rashes, constipation, appendicitis, oral discomfort and pain.

829 **Hepatobiliary Tract and Pancreas:** Abnormal liver function tests.

830 **Lower Respiratory:** Lower respiratory signs and symptoms, pneumonia, lower respiratory
831 infections.

832 **Musculoskeletal:** Arthralgia and articular rheumatism; muscle stiffness, tightness, and rigidity;
833 bone and cartilage disorders.

834 **Neurology:** Sleep disorders, tremors, hypnagogic effects, compressed nerve syndromes.

835 **Non-Site Specific:** Allergies and allergic reactions, congestion, viral infections, pain, chest
836 symptoms, fluid-retention, bacterial infections, wheeze and hives, unusual taste.

837 **Skin:** Viral skin infections, urticaria, skin flakiness and acquired ichthyosis, disorders of sweat
838 and sebum, sweating.

839 The incidence of common adverse experiences reported in Study 3, a 28-week, non-US clinical
840 study of 503 patients previously treated with inhaled corticosteroids who were treated twice daily
841 with ADVAIR DISKUS 500/50, fluticasone propionate inhalation powder 500 mcg and salmeterol
842 inhalation powder 50 mcg used concurrently, or fluticasone propionate inhalation powder 500 mcg
843 was similar to the incidences reported in Table 3.

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844 **Observed During Clinical Practice:** In addition to adverse events reported from clinical trials, the
 845 following events have been identified during postapproval use of ADVAIR DISKUS, fluticasone
 846 propionate, and/or salmeterol. Because they are reported voluntarily from a population of unknown
 847 size, estimates of frequency cannot be made. These events have been chosen for inclusion due to
 848 a combination of their seriousness, frequency of reporting, or potential causal connection to
 849 ADVAIR DISKUS, fluticasone propionate, and/or salmeterol.

850 In extensive US and worldwide postmarketing experience with salmeterol, a component of
 851 ADVAIR DISKUS, serious exacerbations of asthma, including some that have been fatal, have been
 852 reported. In most cases, these have occurred in patients with severe asthma and/or in some
 853 patients in whom asthma has been acutely deteriorating (see WARNINGS), but they have also
 854 occurred in a few patients with less severe asthma. It was not possible from these reports to
 855 determine whether salmeterol contributed to these events or simply failed to relieve the
 856 deteriorating asthma.

857 **Cardiovascular:** Arrhythmias (including atrial fibrillation, extrasystoles, supraventricular
 858 tachycardia), ventricular tachycardia.

859 **Ear, Nose, and Throat:** Aphonía, earache, paranasal sinus pain, throat soreness and irritation.

860 **Endocrine and Metabolic:** Cushing syndrome, Cushingoid features, growth velocity reduction in
 861 children/adolescents, hypercorticism, hyperglycemia, weight gain.

862 **Gastrointestinal:** Abdominal pain, dyspepsia, xerostomia.

863 **Musculoskeletal:** Back pain, cramps, muscle spasm, myositis.

864 **Neurology:** Paresthesia, restlessness.

865 **Non-Site Specific:** Immediate and delayed hypersensitivity reaction, pallor.

866 **Psychiatry:** Agitation, aggression, depression.

867 **Respiratory:** Chest congestion, chest tightness, dyspnea, immediate bronchospasm, influenza,
 868 paradoxical bronchospasm, tracheitis, wheezing, reports of upper respiratory symptoms of laryngeal
 869 spasm, irritation, or swelling such as stridor or choking.

870 **Skin:** Contact dermatitis, contusions, ecchymoses, photodermatitis.

871 **Urogenital:** Dysmenorrhea, irregular menstrual cycle, pelvic inflammatory disease, vaginal
 872 candidiasis, vaginitis, vulvovaginitis.

873 **Eosinophilic Conditions:** In rare cases, patients on inhaled fluticasone propionate, a
 874 component of ADVAIR DISKUS, may present with systemic eosinophilic conditions, with some
 875 patients presenting with clinical features of vasculitis consistent with Churg-Strauss syndrome, a
 876 condition that is often treated with systemic corticosteroid therapy. These events usually, but not
 877 always, have been associated with the reduction and/or withdrawal of oral corticosteroid therapy
 878 following the introduction of fluticasone propionate. Cases of serious eosinophilic conditions have
 879 also been reported with other inhaled corticosteroids in this clinical setting. While ADVAIR DISKUS
 880 should not be used for transferring patients from systemic corticosteroid therapy, physicians should

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881 be alert to eosinophilia, vasculitic rash, worsening pulmonary symptoms, cardiac complications,
882 and/or neuropathy presenting in their patients. A causal relationship between fluticasone propionate
883 and these underlying conditions has not been established (see PRECAUTIONS: Eosinophilic
884 Conditions).

885

886 **OVERDOSAGE:**

887 **ADVAIR DISKUS:** No deaths occurred in rats given combinations of salmeterol and fluticasone
888 propionate at acute inhalation doses of 9.6 and 1.9 mg/kg, respectively (approximately 320 and 15
889 times the maximum recommended daily inhalation dose in adults on a mg/m² basis).

890 **Fluticasone Propionate:** Chronic overdosage with fluticasone propionate may result in
891 signs/symptoms of hypercorticism (see PRECAUTIONS). Inhalation by healthy volunteers of a
892 single dose of 4000 mcg of fluticasone propionate inhalation powder or single doses of 1760 or
893 3520 mcg of fluticasone propionate inhalation aerosol was well tolerated. Fluticasone propionate
894 given by inhalation aerosol at doses of 1320 mcg twice daily for 7 to 15 days to healthy human
895 volunteers was also well tolerated. Repeat oral doses up to 80 mg daily for 10 days in healthy
896 volunteers and repeat oral doses up to 20 mg daily for 42 days in patients were well tolerated.
897 Adverse reactions were of mild or moderate severity, and incidences were similar in active and
898 placebo treatment groups. The oral and subcutaneous median lethal doses in mice and rats were
899 >1000 mg/kg (>4300 and >8700 times, respectively, the maximum recommended daily inhalation
900 dose in adults on a mg/m² basis).

901 **Salmeterol:** The expected signs and symptoms with overdosage of salmeterol are those of
902 excessive beta-adrenergic stimulation and/or occurrence or exaggeration of any of the signs and
903 symptoms listed under ADVERSE REACTIONS, e.g., seizures, angina, hypertension or
904 hypotension, tachycardia with rates up to 200 beats/min, arrhythmias, nervousness, headache,
905 tremor, muscle cramps, dry mouth, palpitation, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, malaise, and insomnia.
906 Overdosage with salmeterol may be expected to result in exaggeration of the pharmacologic
907 adverse effects associated with beta-adrenoceptor agonists, including tachycardia and/or
908 arrhythmia, tremor, headache, and muscle cramps. Overdosage with salmeterol can lead to
909 clinically significant prolongation of the QT_c interval, which can produce ventricular arrhythmias.
910 Other signs of overdosage may include hypokalemia and hyperglycemia.

911 As with all sympathomimetic medications, cardiac arrest and even death may be associated with
912 abuse of salmeterol.

913 Treatment consists of discontinuation of salmeterol together with appropriate symptomatic
914 therapy. The judicious use of a cardioselective beta-receptor blocker may be considered, bearing in
915 mind that such medication can produce bronchospasm. There is insufficient evidence to determine
916 if dialysis is beneficial for overdosage of salmeterol. Cardiac monitoring is recommended in cases
917 of overdosage.

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918 No deaths were seen in rats given salmeterol at an inhalation dose of 2.9 mg/kg (approximately
919 250 times the maximum recommended daily inhalation dose in adults on a mg/m² basis) and in
920 dogs at an inhalation dose of 0.7 mg/kg (approximately 200 times the maximum recommended
921 daily inhalation dose in adults on a mg/m² basis). By the oral route, no deaths occurred in mice at
922 150 mg/kg (approximately 6500 times the maximum recommended daily inhalation dose in adults
923 on a mg/m² basis) and in rats at 1000 mg/kg (approximately 86,000 times the maximum
924 recommended daily inhalation dose in adults on a mg/m² basis).

925

926 **DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION:** ADVAIR DISKUS is available in 3 strengths, ADVAIR DISKUS
927 100/50, ADVAIR DISKUS 250/50, and ADVAIR DISKUS 500/50, containing 100, 250, and 500 mcg
928 of fluticasone propionate, respectively, and 50 mcg of salmeterol per inhalation. ADVAIR DISKUS
929 should be administered by the orally inhaled route only (see PATIENT'S INSTRUCTIONS FOR
930 USE).

931 For patients 12 years of age and older, the dosage is 1 inhalation twice daily (morning and
932 evening, approximately 12 hours apart).

933 The recommended starting doses for ADVAIR DISKUS are based upon patients' current asthma
934 therapy.

935 • For patients who are not currently on an inhaled corticosteroid, whose disease severity warrants
936 treatment with 2 maintenance therapies, including patients on non-corticosteroid maintenance
937 therapy, the recommended starting dose is ADVAIR DISKUS 100/50 twice daily.

938 • For patients on an inhaled corticosteroid, Table 4 provides the recommended starting dose.

939 The maximum recommended dose is ADVAIR DISKUS 500/50 twice daily.

940 For all patients it is desirable to titrate to the lowest effective strength after adequate
941 asthma stability is achieved.

942

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 (fluticasone propionate 100 mcg and salmeterol* 50 mcg Inhalation powder)
ADVAIR™ DISKUS® 250/50
 (fluticasone propionate 250 mcg and salmeterol* 50 mcg Inhalation powder)
ADVAIR™ DISKUS® 500/50
 (fluticasone propionate 500 mcg and salmeterol* 50 mcg Inhalation powder)

943 **Table 4: Recommended Doses of ADVAIR DISKUS for Patients Taking Inhaled Corticosteroids**

Current Daily Dose of Inhaled Corticosteroid		Recommended Strength and Dosing Schedule of ADVAIR DISKUS
Beclomethasone dipropionate	≤420 mcg	100/50 twice daily
	482-840 mcg	250/50 twice daily
Budesonide	≤400 mcg	100/50 twice daily
	800-1200 mcg	250/50 twice daily
	1600 mcg*	500/50 twice daily
Flunisolide	≤1000 mcg	100/50 twice daily
	1250-2000 mcg	250/50 twice daily
Fluticasone propionate inhalation aerosol	≤176 mcg	100/50 twice daily
	440 mcg	250/50 twice daily
	660-880 mcg*	500/50 twice daily
Fluticasone propionate inhalation powder	≤200 mcg	100/50 twice daily
	500 mcg	250/50 twice daily
	1000 mcg*	500/50 twice daily
Triamcinolone acetonide	≤1000 mcg	100/50 twice daily
	1100-1600 mcg	250/50 twice daily

944 *ADVAIR DISKUS should not be used for transferring patients from systemic corticosteroid therapy.

945

946 ADVAIR DISKUS should be administered twice daily every day. More frequent administration
 947 (more than twice daily) or a higher number of inhalations (more than 1 inhalation twice daily) of the
 948 prescribed strength of ADVAIR DISKUS is not recommended as some patients are more likely to
 949 experience adverse effects with higher doses of salmeterol. The safety and efficacy of ADVAIR
 950 DISKUS when administered in excess of recommended doses have not been established.

951 If symptoms arise in the period between doses, an inhaled, short-acting beta₂-agonist should be
 952 taken for immediate relief.

953 Patients who are receiving ADVAIR DISKUS twice daily should not use salmeterol for prevention
 954 of exercise-induced bronchospasm, or for any other reason.

955 Improvement in asthma control following inhaled administration of ADVAIR DISKUS can occur
 956 within 30 minutes of beginning treatment, although maximum benefit may not be achieved for
 957 1 week or longer after starting treatment. Individual patients will experience a variable time to onset
 958 and degree of symptom relief.

959 For patients who do not respond adequately to the starting dose after 2 weeks of therapy,
 960 replacing the current strength of ADVAIR DISKUS with a higher strength may provide additional
 961 asthma control.

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(fluticasone propionate 500 mcg and salmeterol* 50 mcg Inhalation powder)

962 If a previously effective dosage regimen of ADVAIR DISKUS fails to provide adequate control of
963 asthma, the therapeutic regimen should be reevaluated and additional therapeutic options, e.g.,
964 replacing the current strength of ADVAIR DISKUS with a higher strength, adding additional inhaled
965 corticosteroid, or initiating oral corticosteroids, should be considered.

966 Rinsing the mouth after inhalation is advised.

967 **Geriatric Use:** In studies where geriatric patients (65 years of age or older, see PRECAUTIONS:
968 Geriatric Use) have been treated with ADVAIR DISKUS, efficacy and safety did not differ from that
969 in younger patients. Based on available data for ADVAIR DISKUS and its active components, no
970 dosage adjustment is recommended.

971 **Directions for Use:** Illustrated Patient's Instructions for Use accompany each package of ADVAIR
972 DISKUS.

973

974 **HOW SUPPLIED:** ADVAIR DISKUS 100/50 is supplied as a disposable, purple-colored device
975 containing 60 blisters. The DISKUS Inhalation device is packaged within a purple-colored,
976 plastic-coated, moisture-protective foil pouch (NDC 0173-0695-00). ADVAIR DISKUS 100/50 is also
977 supplied in an institutional pack of 1 purple-colored, disposable DISKUS Inhalation device
978 containing 28 blisters. The DISKUS Inhalation device is packaged within a purple-colored,
979 plastic-coated, moisture-protective foil pouch (NDC 0173-0695-02).

980 ADVAIR DISKUS 250/50 is supplied as a disposable, purple-colored device containing 60
981 blisters. The DISKUS Inhalation device is packaged within a purple-colored, plastic-coated,
982 moisture-protective foil pouch (NDC 0173-0696-00). ADVAIR DISKUS 250/50 is also supplied in an
983 institutional pack of 1 purple-colored, disposable DISKUS Inhalation device containing 28 blisters.
984 The DISKUS Inhalation device is packaged within a purple-colored, plastic-coated,
985 moisture-protective foil pouch (NDC 0173-0696-02).

986 ADVAIR DISKUS 500/50 is supplied as a disposable, purple-colored device containing 60
987 blisters. The DISKUS Inhalation device is packaged within a purple-colored, plastic-coated,
988 moisture-protective foil pouch (NDC 0173-0697-00). ADVAIR DISKUS 500/50 is also supplied in an
989 institutional pack of 1 purple-colored, disposable DISKUS Inhalation device containing 28 blisters.
990 The DISKUS Inhalation device is packaged within a purple-colored, plastic-coated,
991 moisture-protective foil pouch (NDC 0173-0697-02).

992 Store at controlled room temperature (see USP), 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F) in a dry place
993 away from direct heat or sunlight. Keep out of reach of children. The DISKUS Inhalation
994 device is not reusable. The device should be discarded 1 month after removal from the
995 moisture-protective foil overwrap pouch or after every blister has been used (when the dose
996 indicator reads "0"), whichever comes first. Do not attempt to take the device apart.

997

998

ADVAIR™ DISKUS® 100/50
 (fluticasone propionate 100 mcg and salmeterol® 50 mcg inhalation powder)
 ADVAIR™ DISKUS® 250/50
 (fluticasone propionate 250 mcg and salmeterol® 50 mcg inhalation powder)
 ADVAIR™ DISKUS® 500/50
 (fluticasone propionate 500 mcg and salmeterol® 50 mcg inhalation powder)

GlaxoWellcome

- 999
- 1000 Glaxo Wellcome Inc.
- 1001 Research Triangle Park, NC 27709
- 1002
- 1003 US Patent Nos. 4,335,121; 4,992,474; 5,225,445; 5,126,375; D342,994; 5,270,305; 5,860,419;
- 1004 5,590,645; and 5,873,360
- 1005
- 1006 ©Copyright 1999, Glaxo Wellcome Inc. All rights reserved.
- 1007
- 1008 August 2000 RL-858

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Product logo

ADVAIR™ DISKUS® 100/50
(fluticasone propionate 100 mcg and salmeterol* 50 mcg inhalation powder)

ADVAIR™ DISKUS® 250/50
(fluticasone propionate 250 mcg and salmeterol* 50 mcg-inhalation powder)

ADVAIR™ DISKUS® 500/50
(fluticasone propionate 500 mcg and salmeterol* 50 mcg inhalation powder)

*As salmeterol xinafoate salt 72.5 mcg, equivalent to salmeterol base 50 mcg

FOR ORAL INHALATION ONLY

(Illustration of device with parts labeled:

- Outer Case
- Mouthpiece
- Lever
- Thumbgrip
- Dose Indicator)

Read this leaflet carefully before you start to take your medicine. It provides a summary of information about your medicine. Keep it for future use. Read the leaflet every time you refill your prescription because there may be new information.

For more information ask your doctor or pharmacist.



Your doctor has prescribed ADVAIR DISKUS 100/50, ADVAIR DISKUS 250/50, or ADVAIR DISKUS 500/50. The medicine is available in 3 different strengths, and your doctor has chosen the one most suitable for you.

Asthma is a long-term condition affecting the lungs. Symptoms of asthma include shortness of breath, wheezing, chest tightness, and cough. Two main causes of asthma symptoms are bronchoconstriction (tightening of the muscles surrounding the airways) and inflammation (swelling and irritation of the airways).

ADVAIR DISKUS contains 2 medicines, fluticasone propionate and salmeterol xinafoate, which treat these 2 causes of asthma symptoms. Fluticasone propionate is a synthetic corticosteroid.

45 Corticosteroids are natural anti-inflammatory substances found in the body. They are used to treat
46 asthma because they reduce airway inflammation.
47

48 Salmeterol is a long-acting bronchodilator that helps prevent and relieve bronchospasm, making it
49 easier to breathe.
50

51 When inhaled regularly, ADVAIR DISKUS helps to prevent symptoms of asthma.
52

53 **Important Points to Remember About Using ADVAIR DISKUS**

54 **1. TELL YOUR DOCTOR BEFORE STARTING TO TAKE THIS MEDICINE:**

- 55 • If you are pregnant (or intending to become pregnant).
56 • If you are breastfeeding a baby.
57 • If you are allergic to ADVAIR DISKUS, or any other orally inhaled bronchodilator or
58 corticosteroid. In some circumstances, this medicine may not be suitable and your doctor may
59 wish to give you a different medicine.
60 • Make sure that your doctor knows what other medicines you are taking.

61 **2. It is important that you inhale each dose as your doctor has advised. The label will usually tell**
62 **you what dose to take and how often. If it doesn't, or if you are not sure, ask your doctor or**
63 **pharmacist. Do not use ADVAIR DISKUS more frequently than 2 times daily, morning and**
64 **evening, approximately 12 hours apart, at the recommended dose of 1 inhalation each**
65 **time.**

66 **3. You may feel better after the first dose of ADVAIR DISKUS; however, it may take 1 week or**
67 **longer to achieve maximum benefit. It is IMPORTANT THAT YOU USE ADVAIR DISKUS**
68 **REGULARLY. DO NOT STOP TREATMENT EVEN IF YOU ARE FEELING BETTER unless**
69 **told to do so by your doctor.**

70 **4. If you miss a dose, just take your next scheduled dose when it is due. DO NOT DOUBLE the**
71 **dose.**

72 **5. DO NOT USE ADVAIR DISKUS TO RELIEVE SUDDEN ASTHMA SYMPTOMS (e.g., sudden**
73 **severe onset or worsening of wheezing, cough, chest tightness, and/or shortness of breath that**
74 **has been diagnosed by your doctor as due to asthma). If you experience sudden asthma**
75 **symptoms, you should not take ADVAIR DISKUS to relieve these symptoms. Sudden**
76 **asthma symptoms should be treated with an inhaled, short-acting bronchodilator such as**
77 **albuterol. If you do not have an inhaled, short-acting bronchodilator, contact your doctor to have**
78 **one prescribed for you.**

79 **6. Tell your doctor immediately if your asthma is getting worse, as indicated by any of the**
80 **following situations.**

- 81 • Your inhaled, short-acting bronchodilator becomes less effective.
82 • You need more inhalations than usual of your inhaled, short-acting bronchodilator.
83 • You have a significant decrease in your peak flow measurement as previously defined by your
84 doctor.

85 **7. If your symptoms do not improve after using ADVAIR DISKUS regularly for 2 weeks, tell your**
86 **doctor.**

- 87 8. While you are taking ADVAIR DISKUS twice daily, you should not use SEREVENT®
88 DISKUS® (salmeterol xinafoate Inhalation powder) or SEREVENT® (salmeterol xinafoate)
89 Inhalation Aerosol for any reason, including prevention of exercise-induced asthma or
90 the maintenance treatment of asthma.
91 9. Use other inhaled medicines only as directed by your doctor.
92 10. Do not use ADVAIR DISKUS with a spacer device.
93

94 **How to Use Your ADVAIR DISKUS**

95 Follow the instructions below. If you have any questions, ask your doctor or pharmacist.
96

97 When you take the ADVAIR DISKUS out of the box and foil overwrap pouch, write the "Pouch
98 opened" and "Use by" dates on the label in the space provided on the device. The "Use by" date
99 is 1 month from date of opening.
100

101 The DISKUS® inhalation device will be in the closed position when the pouch is opened.
102

103 The dose indicator on the top of the DISKUS tells you how many doses are left. The dose indicator
104 number will decrease each time you use the DISKUS. After the DISKUS has delivered 55 doses (23
105 doses for the institutional or sample pack), numbers 5 to 0 will appear in red to warn you that there
106 are only a few doses left (see Figure 1).
107

108 Figure 1

109 Taking a dose of ADVAIR DISKUS requires the following 3 simple steps: Open, Click, Inhale.
110

111 1. OPEN: Hold the DISKUS in one hand and put the thumb of your other hand on the thumbgrip.
112 Push your thumb away from you as far as it will go until the mouthpiece appears and snaps into
113 position (see Figure 2).
114

115 Figure 2

116 2. CLICK: Hold the DISKUS in a level, horizontal position with the mouthpiece towards you. Slide
117 the lever away from you as far as it will go until it clicks (see Figure 3). The DISKUS is now ready to
118 use.
119

120 Figure 3

121 Every time the lever is pushed back, a dose is ready to inhale. This is shown by a decrease in
122 numbers on the dose counter. To avoid releasing or wasting doses:

- 123
- 124 • do not close the DISKUS,
 - 125 • do not tilt the DISKUS,
 - 126 • do not play with the lever,
 - 127 • do not advance the lever more than once.

128 3. INHALE: Before inhaling your dose of ADVAIR DISKUS, breathe out as far as is comfortable,
129 holding the DISKUS level and away from your mouth (see Figure 4). Remember, never breathe out
130 into the DISKUS mouthpiece.
131
132
133

134

Figure 4

135

136

Put the mouthpiece to your lips (see Figure 5). Breathe in quickly and deeply through the DISKUS, not through your nose.

137

138

139

Figure 5

140

141

Remove the DISKUS from your mouth. Hold your breath for about 10 seconds, or for as long as is comfortable. Breathe out slowly.

142

143

144

CLOSE the DISKUS when you are finished taking a dose so that the DISKUS will be ready for you to take your next dose. Put your thumb on the thumbgrip and slide the thumbgrip back towards you as far as it will go (see Figure 6). The DISKUS will click shut. The lever will automatically return to its original position. The DISKUS is now ready for you to take your next scheduled dose, due in approximately 12 hours. (Repeat steps 1 through 3.)

145

146

147

148

149

Figure 6

150

151

REMEMBER:

152

- Never exhale into the DISKUS.
- Never attempt to take the DISKUS apart.
- Always activate and use the DISKUS in a level, horizontal position.
- Never wash the mouthpiece or any part of the DISKUS. KEEP IT DRY.
- Always keep the DISKUS in a dry place.

153

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Store at controlled room temperature, 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F) in a dry place away from direct heat or sunlight. Keep out of reach of children. The DISKUS Inhalation device is not reusable. The device should be discarded 1 month after removal from the moisture-protective foil overwrap pouch or after every blister has been used (when the dose indicator reads "0"), whichever comes first. Do not attempt to take the device apart.

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REMEMBER: This medicine has been prescribed for you by your doctor. DO NOT give this medicine to anyone else.

166

167

168

For more information:

169

170

This leaflet does not contain the complete information about your medication. If you have any questions, or are not sure about something, then you should ask your doctor or pharmacist.

171

172

173

You may want to read this leaflet again. Please DO NOT THROW IT AWAY until you have finished your medicine.

174

175

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Your doctor has determined that this product is likely to help your personal health. USE THIS PRODUCT AS DIRECTED, UNLESS INSTRUCTED TO DO OTHERWISE BY YOUR DOCTOR. If you have any questions about alternatives, consult with your doctor.

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GlaxoWellcome

Glaxo Wellcome Inc.
Research Triangle Park, NC 27709

US Patent Nos. 4,335,121; 4,992,474; 5,225,445; 5,128,375; D342,994;
5,270,305; 5,860,410; 5,590,645; and 5,873,360

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